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## INTRODUCTION

- The ocean  $\rightarrow$  important, focus on marine ecosystems is necessary
- In the North Sea, research has been conducted:
  - Impact of fisheries

Vrije

Brussel

- Eutrophication
- Sediment extraction
- · Pollution by trace metals and polychlorbiphenyls

## AIM

- Investigate the community structure of the macrozoobenthos and demersal fish
- Identify the relationships between environmental factors or anthropogenic impacts

#### & METHOD

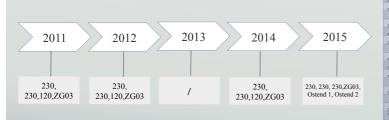


Figure 1: Sampling stations 230, ZG03 and 120, Danis et al 2004

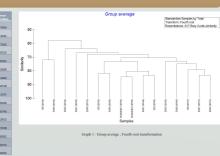
Pictures by Lina De Borger & Marc Kochzius

- Samples were taken with the RV Simon Stevin using a beam trawl
- Three different stations in the Belgian North Sea >230, ZG03 and 120
- After beam trawling → samples were examined on board
- The organisms were identified and number of weight of individuals was recorded
- Stations 230, ZG03 and 120 :
  - Similar salinity: +/- 32,7 p.s.u.
- ➤Similar granulometry: 125-250 μm
- Program PRIMER V6
  - ➤ Diversity indices
  - Cluster analysis

#### SAMPLING DATA



# RESULTS



#### CONCLUSION

- •Shannon diversity index (H): low → might indicate habitat degradation or •Ostend 2015: clusters together environmental pollution
- •Pielou index (J): below  $0.5 \rightarrow$  different species are not equally abundant, some species dominate the community
- •Station 120 & ZG03: Usually clustered together

- •Station 120: Highest metal & polychlorbiphenyl concentration
- •ZG03: Located close to areas of sand extraction
- •The appearance of groups is dependent of the transformation and linkage

### REFERENCES

ay R., J. Alsvåg, I. de Boois, J. Cotter, A. Ford, H. Hinz, S. Jennings, I. Kröncke, J. Lancaster, G. Piet, P. P.