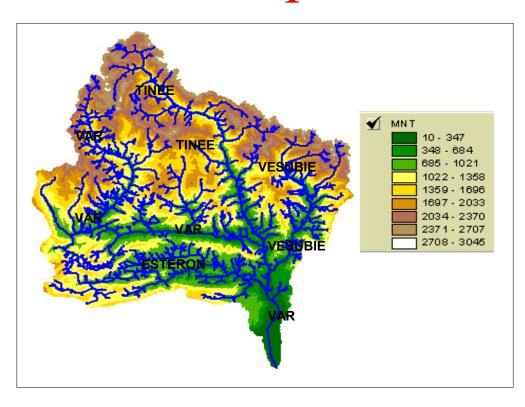
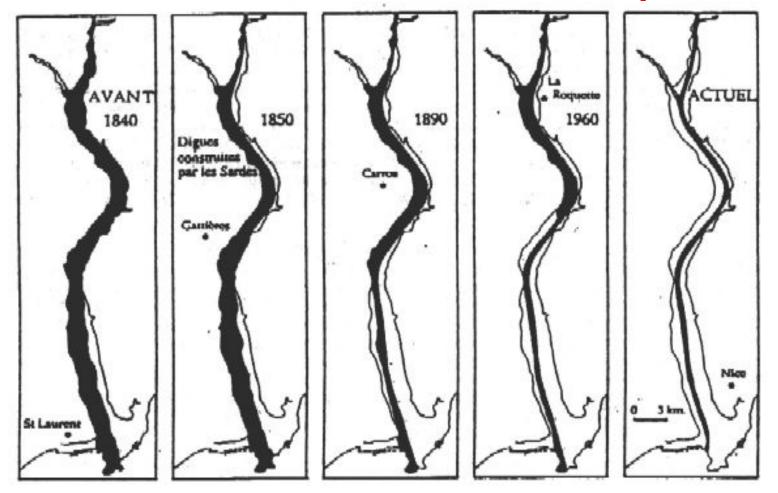
The Var River in Southern France





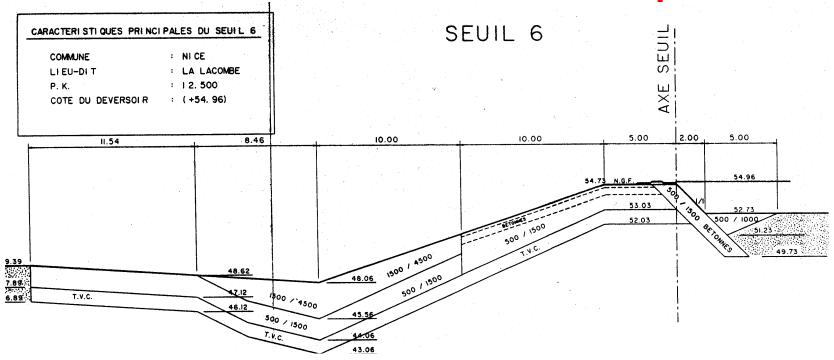
- South of France, alpine torrential river
- Entrenched valleys with risk for landslides
- Carrying coarse sediment loads and fines



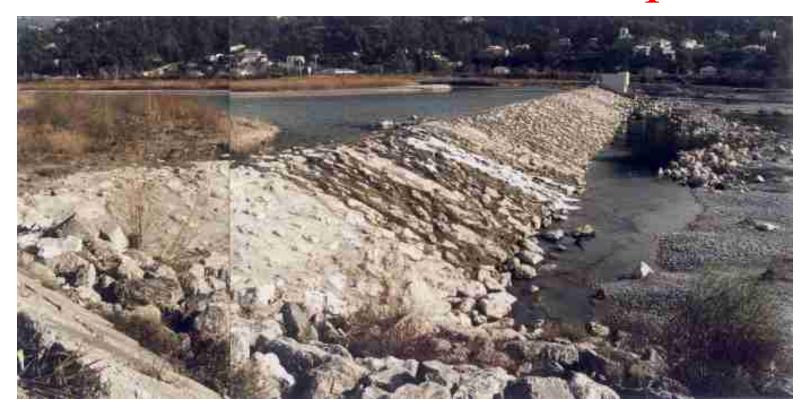
 Progressive land reclamation through embankment and compartments in flood plain



• Inlet structure to compartments in the flood plain

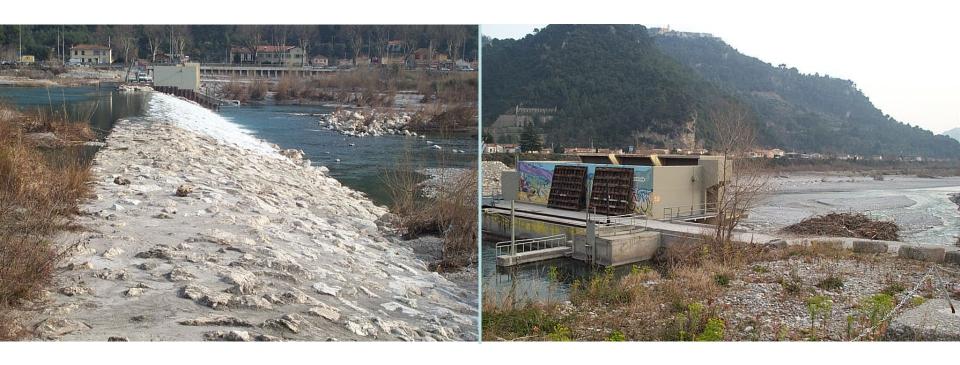


- Sills (fixed weirs) constructed for bringing the water table back to its original level
- Hidden agenda: to have hydraulic structures to demonstrate the new low-head power stations



• First sall halted the transit of coarse sediment, so that fine-grained silt deposited in between the next sills (process similar as for land reclamation)

Sills / weirs, for what?



- To control the water levels.
- To generate hydropower.
- Negative impact was not anticipated.

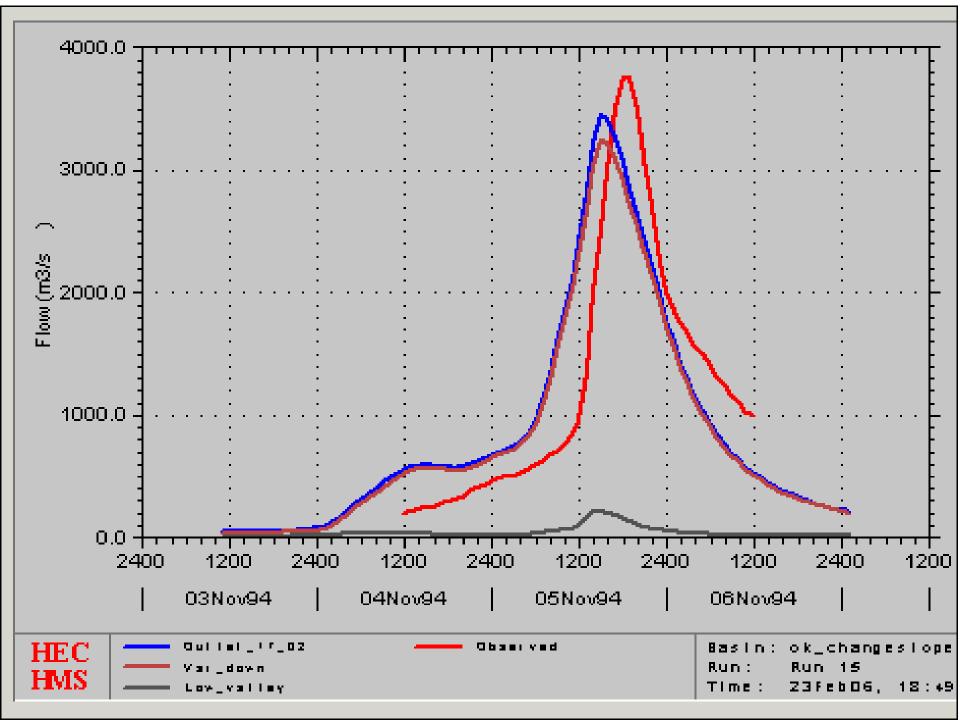
The 1994 flood & inundation

• The storage of coarse river sediment upstream the dams made the riverbed drop at the foot of last dam, the head passing from 6 to 12 m in 12 years

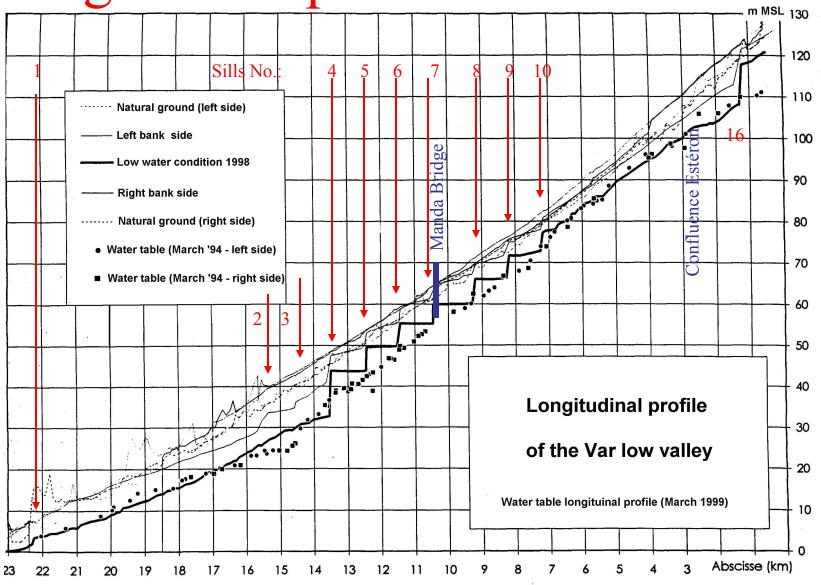
• On 5 November 1994, an extreme flood event produced the collapsing of the lowest and the second-lowest dam, the flood wave inundating Nice's international airport.

Estimations,
Napoleon III bridge
(Nice airport)
(source: DIRENCemagref)

QuickTime™ et un décompresseur TIFF (LZW) sont requis pour visionner cette image.



Longitudinal profile 1998

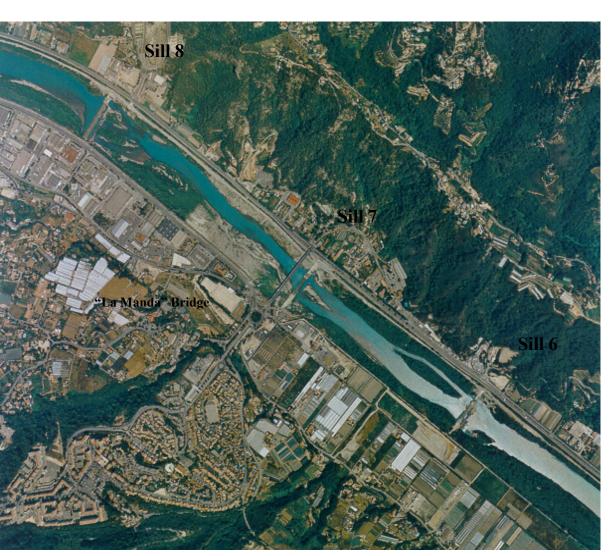


Impact on transit of sediment



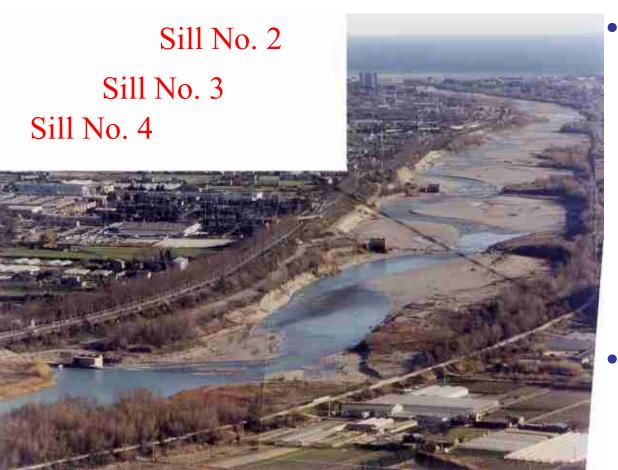
- Only fine material passed the sills after these were constructed.
- Deficit in sediment created scouring downstream of lowest sill (Nr. 2), which head passed from 6 to 12 m.

Morphological impact of the sills



- Fine silt deposits changed the river environment: narrow channels bordered with lateral terraces.
- Dense vegetation
 grew on terraces in
 between sills,
 changing the flow
 resistance.

The collapse of sills 2 & 3



• During the flood event of 5/11/94, sills 2 & 3 collapsed and the flood wave inundated part of the city and airport.

• Sill 4 is in danger of collapsing because of high head.

Downstream: Sill 4 in great danger



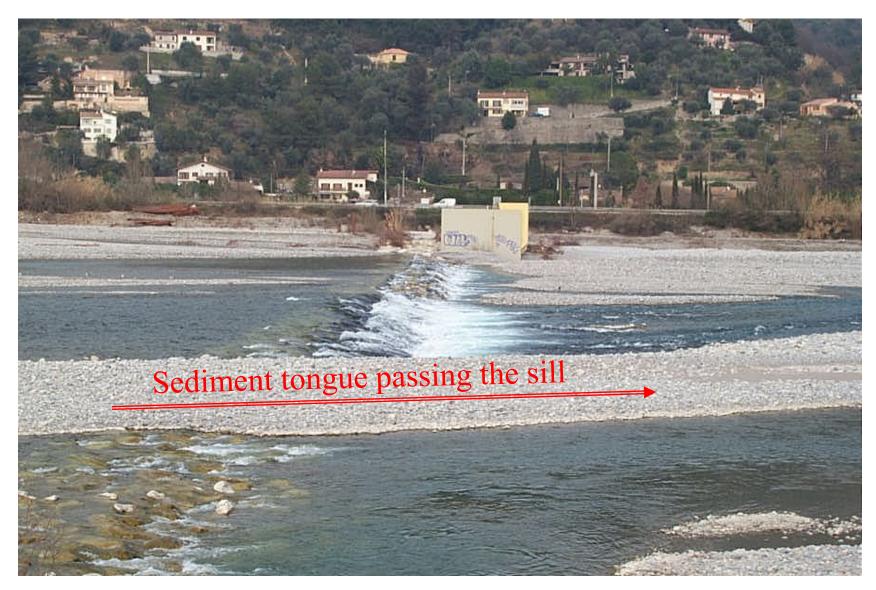
Photo - JPEG decompressof. J. Peters | Consultant - River specialist are needed to see this picture.

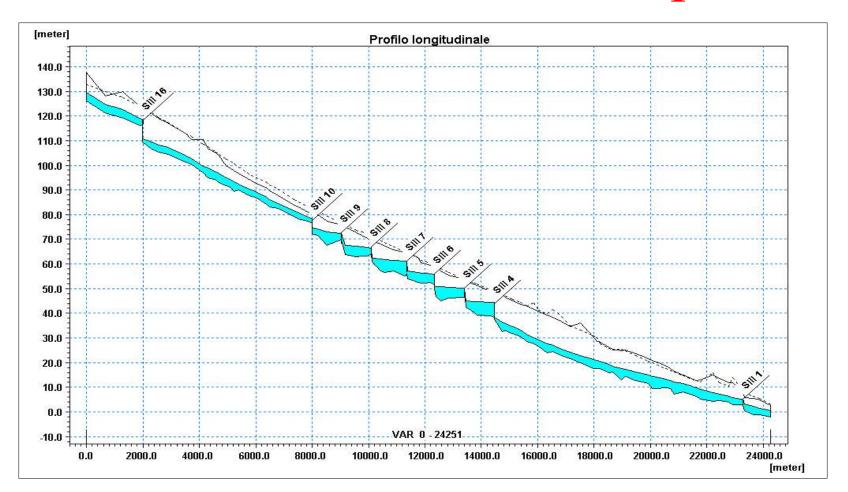
Still sediment deficit below sill 4



Photo - JPEG decompressof. J. Peters | Consultant - River specialist are needed to see this picture.

Upstream: Sill No 10 in 2002





• Sills constructed to "correct" the artificial lowering of the riverbed and groundwater table