

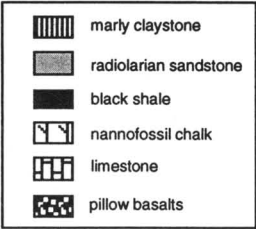
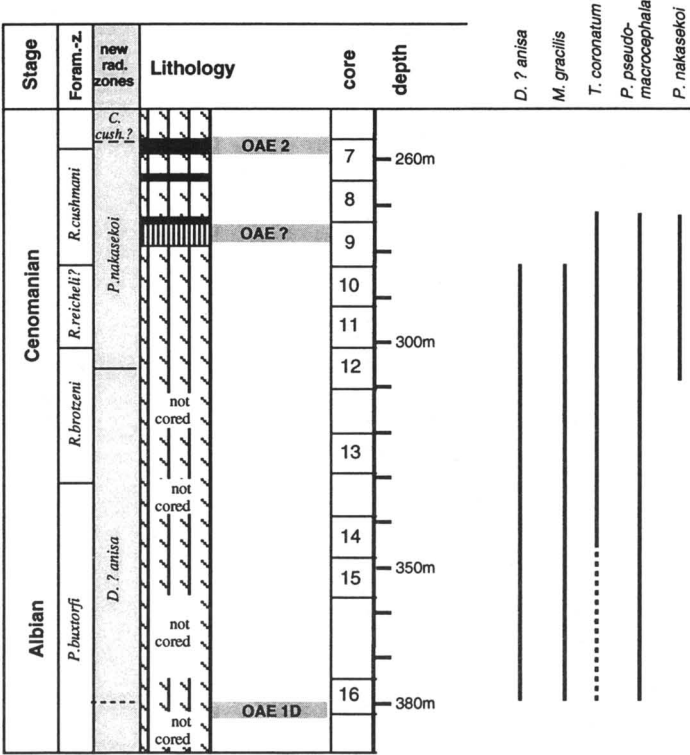
ERRATUM

Geological Evolution of Ocean Basins: Results from the Ocean Drilling Program
Geological Society Special Publication No. 131

Erbacher, J. & Thurow, J. 1998. Mid-Cretaceous radiolarian zonation for the North Atlantic: an example of oceanographically controlled evolutionary processes in the marine biosphere?, pp.71–82.

An incorrect ornament appeared on Fig. 4, p.75, after the authors had corrected their proofs. The correct shading is printed below.

Leg 14, Site 137, Canary Abyssal-Plain, NE-Atlantic



Leg 51, Site 417D, southern Bermuda Rise, NW-Atlantic

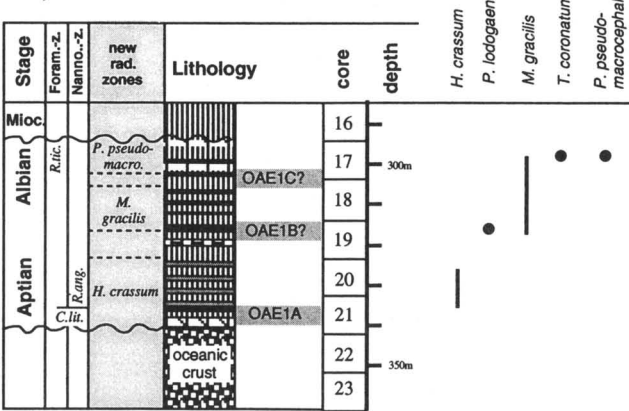


Fig. 4. Lithological sections, new radiolarian zonations and ranges of index taxa for Site 417D, southern Bermuda Rise (Shipboard Scientific Party 1980) and Site 137 (Shipboard Scientific Party 1972a,b), with the stratigraphical position of mid-Cretaceous oceanic anoxic events (OAE). Biostratigraphy for Site 417D after Miles *et al.* (1980), Bralower (1987) and nannofossil identifications by J. Mutterlose (Bochum).