**Invasive species** 

## Titan Acorn Barnacle

Scientific name: *Megabalanus coccopoma* (Darwin, 1854)

**Habitat:** Shallow water attached to hard substrate, may survive in lowest intertidal range, most likely to be found in high salinity waters

Origin: Native to the eastern
Pacific Ocean from Mexico to
Ecuador, but reported in Brazil,
Texas, Louisiana, as well as
a northern expansion of its
Pacific range in California

Suspected pathway of introduction: Hull fouling



## Description and similar species:

Megabalanus coccopoma
can grow very large
(> 5 cm in diameter
and height) and has a
conspicuous pink color with
six triangular plates. It may
be distinguished from M.
tintinnabulum (antilensis) which
also occurs occasionally in Georgia
by its globulo-conical shell and a
circular to ovate aperture. Additionally,
if the plates are removed the scutum is
noted to be wider than higher.

Photo: M. coccopor
scutum right and
shell above, Marcy
Mitchell, UGA



## Facts and potential impact:

Research on *M. coccopom*a indicates that the planktonic larvae prefer to settle on disturbed or recently cleaned surfaces. The barnacle can also grow



rapidly and attain a large size.
Significant settlement and growth of the barnacle on structures including boat hulls, buoys, and fishing gear presents economic problems associated with reduced fuel efficiency and increased cleaning and maintenance efforts.
Competition with native filterfeeding species for space and food is an environmental concern.

Photo: Left and above, Fran Lapolla, UGA MAREX.

## **Selected References:**

Henry, D.P. & McLaughlin, P.A. 1986. The Recent species of *Megabalanus* (Cirripedia: Balanomorpha) with special emphasis on *Balanus tintinnabulum* (Linnaeus) sensu lato. Zoologische Verhandelingen (235): 1-69.

Newman, William A. and Ronald R. McConnaughey. 1987. A tropical eastern Pacific barnacle, *Megabalanus coccopoma* (Darwin), in Southern California, following El Niño 1982-83. Pacific Science 41: 31-36.

Perreault, Ray T. 2004. An exotic tropical barnacle, *Megabalanus coccopoma* (Darwin, 184), in Louisiana: its probable arrival and environmental implications. Proceedings of the Louisiana Academy of Sciences 66: 13-16.











