



RITMARE is the principal National Project about the Sea, 2012-2016 funded by the Ministry of Education, University and Research. It is coordinated by the National Research Council and brings together an integrated effort in the Italian scientific community involved in research on marine and maritime issues, as well as a significant representation of the private sector

Objectives

To support integrated policies for the safeguard of the environment (the health of the sea);

To implement a strategy of prevention and mitigation of natural impacts (the sea as a risk factor)

To strengthen cooperation between the world of research and Italian Industry in two complementary directions

To enable sustainable use of resources (the sea as a system of production);

To Increase synergies between those Research Bodies and University Consortia that are involved in marine research, facilitating the emergence of excellence and promoting cooperation

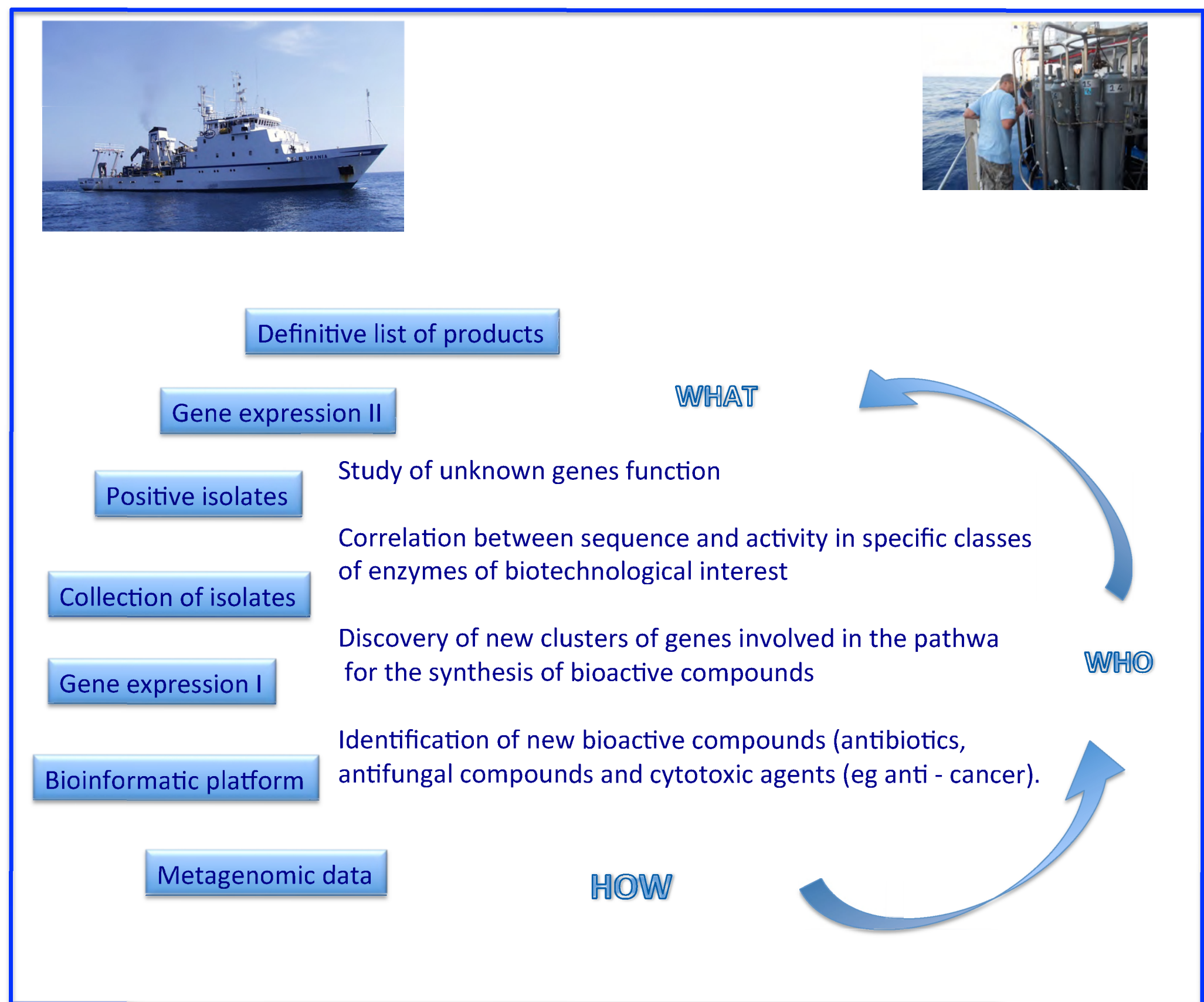
To enhance Italian participation in European projects and initiatives, increasing the number of Italian scientists appointed as project coordinators and promoting participation in joint programmes (e.g. JPIs) where the resources made available by the participants are matched by contributions from the EU.

Structure of the project: 7 sub-project



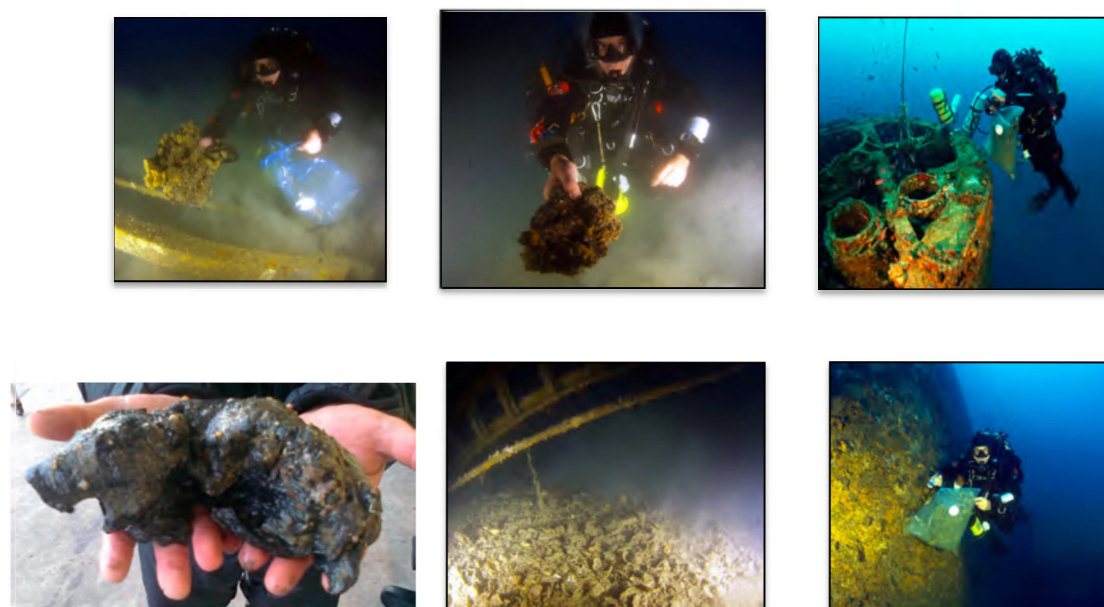
RITMARE provides a platform to strengthen and disseminate at national level outcome from other projects intensifying the occasions for the collaboration with industry and stakeholders. IAMC-CNR is implementing a multidisciplinary approach in the field of marine biotechnology. Moreover By means of its network, which includes researchers of various disciplines and industrial partners, RITMARE will facilitate new multi-sector partnerships (i.e. including those concerned by bio-medicals/pharmacology). More particularly, the transfer of knowledge and technology across the various collaborating sectors, relying on the National Research Council facilities, will be carried out by means of a targeted dedicated office.

DeepSea



Sampling

A case study: Haven tanker (Genoa Italy 1991) 80.000 tons spilled into the sea Today the rest of the oil covers sediments at a depth of 83m near the shipwreck



Study of the relevant molecular microbial diversity and the processes related to the removal of Hydrocarbons contaminants from sediments, seawater and wastewaters.

Identification of in situ biodegradation pathways and isolation of key microorganisms

Understanding on systematics and new genes, pathways useful for industrial biotechnology

Understanding on systematics, microorganisms, enzymes, new genes, pathways useful for industrial biotechnology

Design and validation of models and different types of clean-up strategies Exploring the application fields in collaboration with industry and stakeholders.

Bioremediation

Sample analyses



In situ application

