# ISECA Earth Observation products for monitoring eutrophication in European coastal waters.

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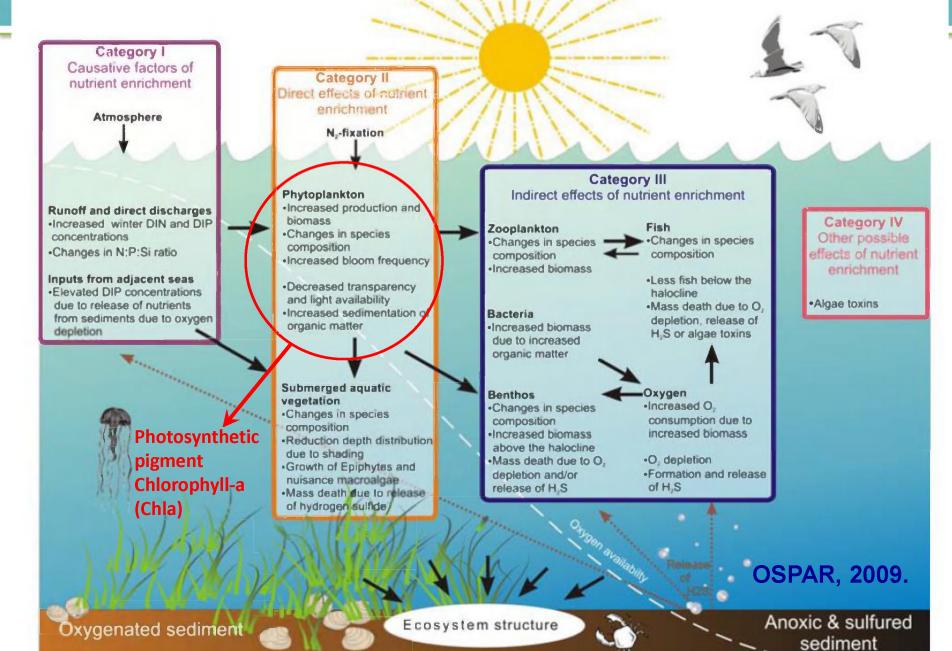
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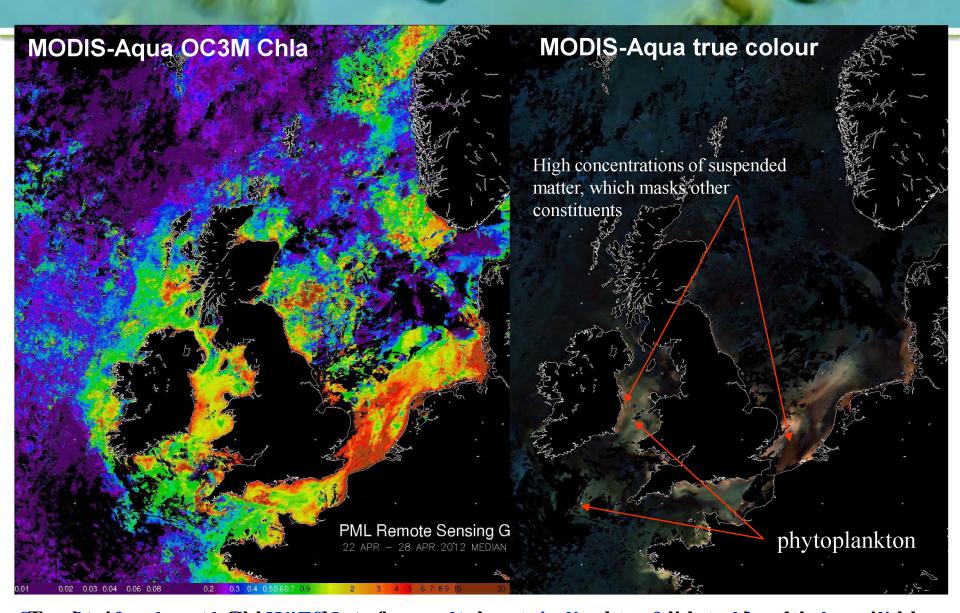


A cross discipline and cross border integrated project on eutrophication offering information, education and science to stakeholders and the public at large in the Interreg 2 Seas Zone (Belgium, England, France and the Netherlands).

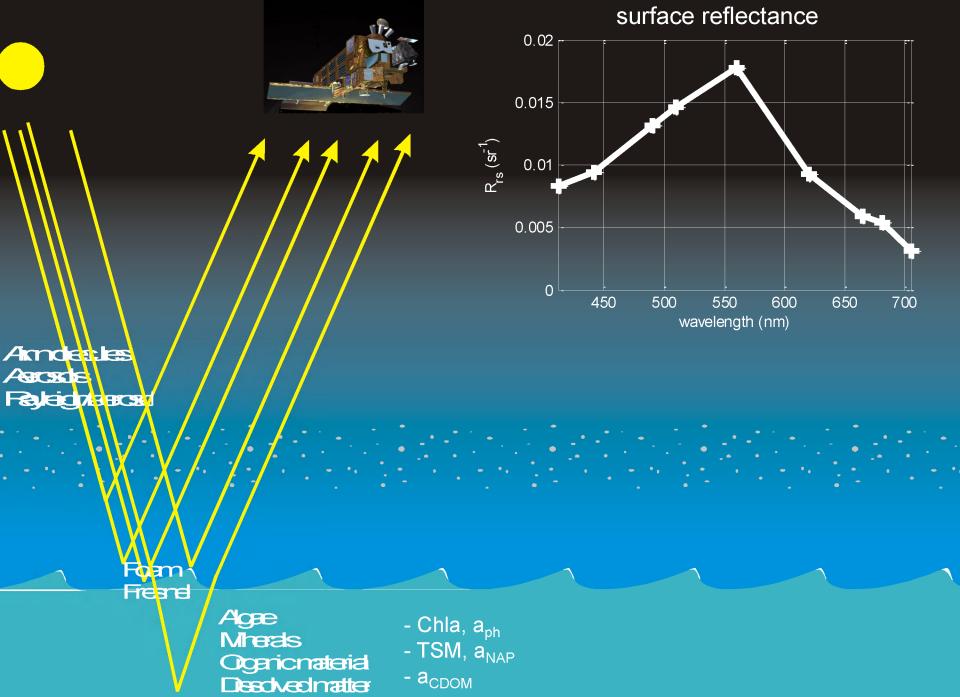
## **Eutrophication – Defintion & detection.**



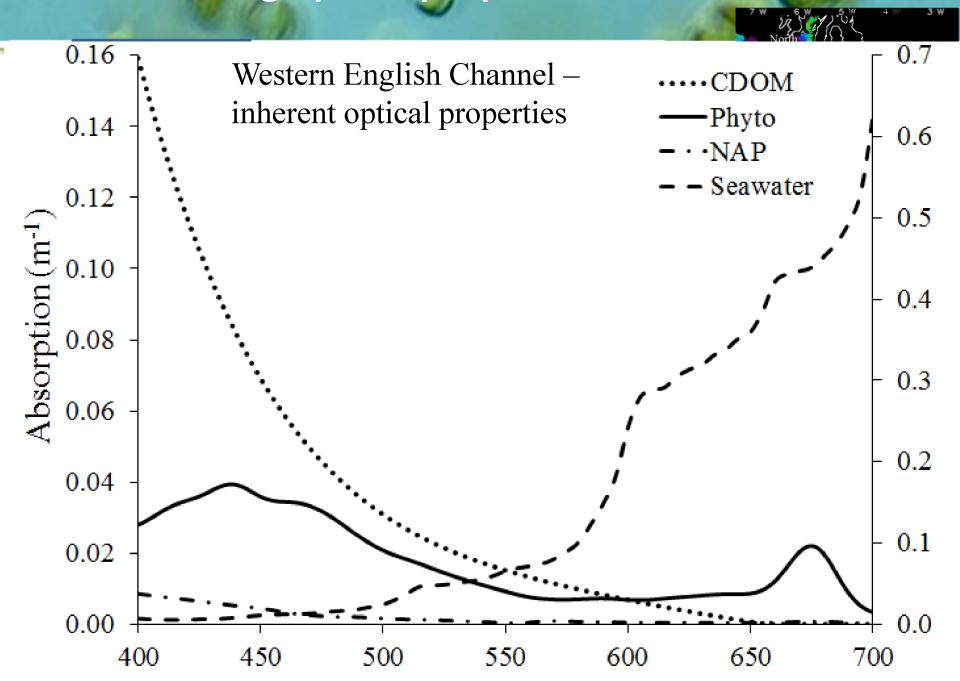
#### What can ocean colour sensors see in the coastal zone?



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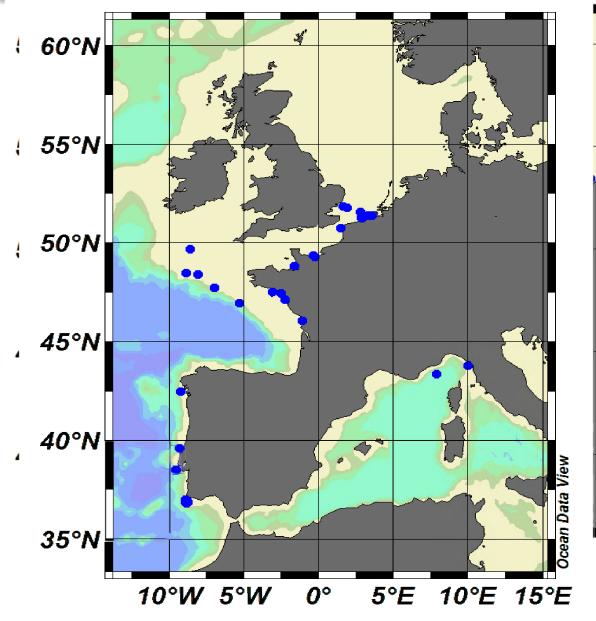


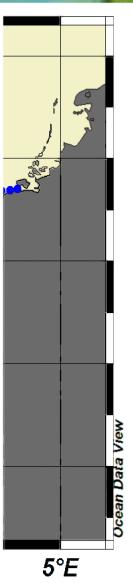
# Characterising optical properties of coastal waters.



# ISECA satellite ground truth.







# Initial Validation data:

Initial in situ data set ~500 pts. Due to the dynamic nature of coastal waters, matchup time between in situ sampling and satellite over pass <1 hr. With this criteria 35 stations obtained.

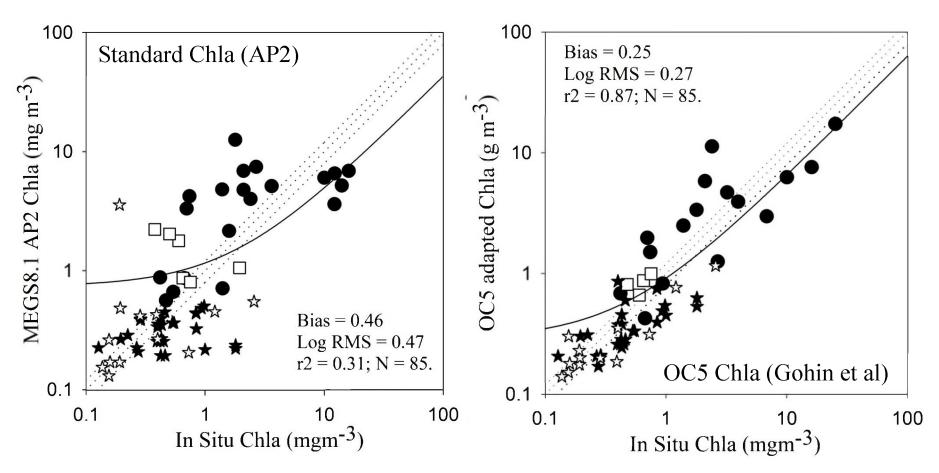
# **Updated Validation data:**

Further data obtained from the coasts of Portugal & Mediterranean (BOUSSOLE) to increase match-ups to >90 stations.

# ISECA satellite Chla ground truth.



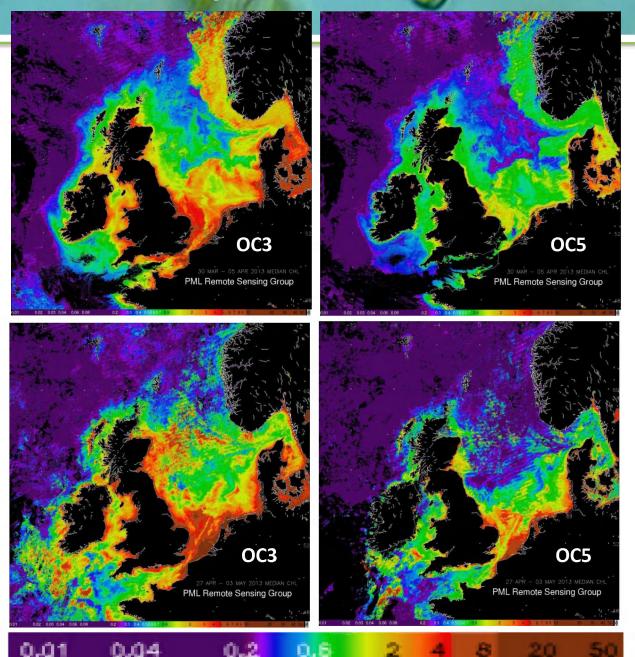
#### Assessment of in situ versus MERIS Chla; Match-up time <1 hr.



85 Chla match-ups 2003-2010 using in situ data from North Sea (filled circles), Western English Channel (open squares), Portuguese Coast (open stars), Mediterranean Sea Fr (filled stars).

MERIS OC5 Chla more accurate than standard AP2 & OC3.

## MODIS-Aqua Chla 2013 – OC3 & OC5 comparison.



**30 March – 05 April 2013:** *SW UK L4 WEC*OC3 1-4; OC5 <1 mgm<sup>-3</sup> *SE UK plume*OC3 10; OC5 <2 mgm<sup>-3</sup> *Brittany Coast*OC3 1; OC5 0.5 mgm<sup>-3</sup> *Belgium Coast*OC3 10; OC5 <2 mgm<sup>-3</sup>

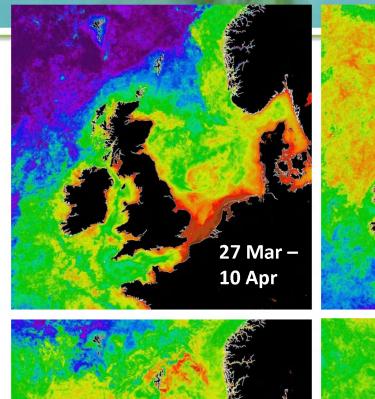
27 April – 03 May 2013: SW UK L4 WEC OC3 >4; OC5 1 mgm<sup>-3</sup> SE UK plume OC3 >10; OC5 2-4 mgm<sup>-3</sup> Brittany Coast OC3 1-2; OC5 1 mgm<sup>-3</sup> Belgium Coast OC3 >10; OC5 5-10 mgm<sup>-3</sup>

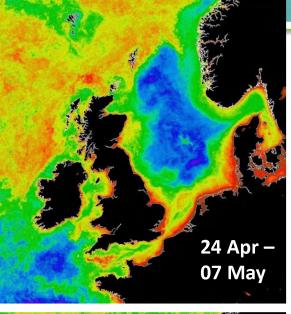
5 to 10 fold difference between OC3 and OC5 in spring.

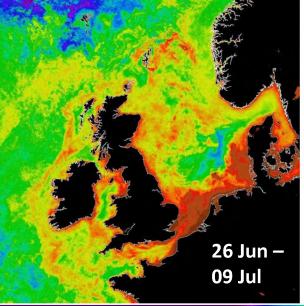
## MODIS-Aqua OC5 Chla P90 - 2013.

0.6

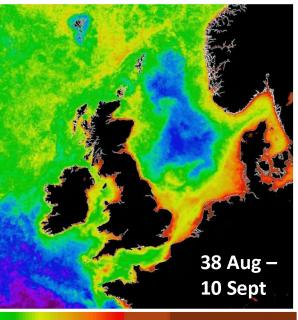








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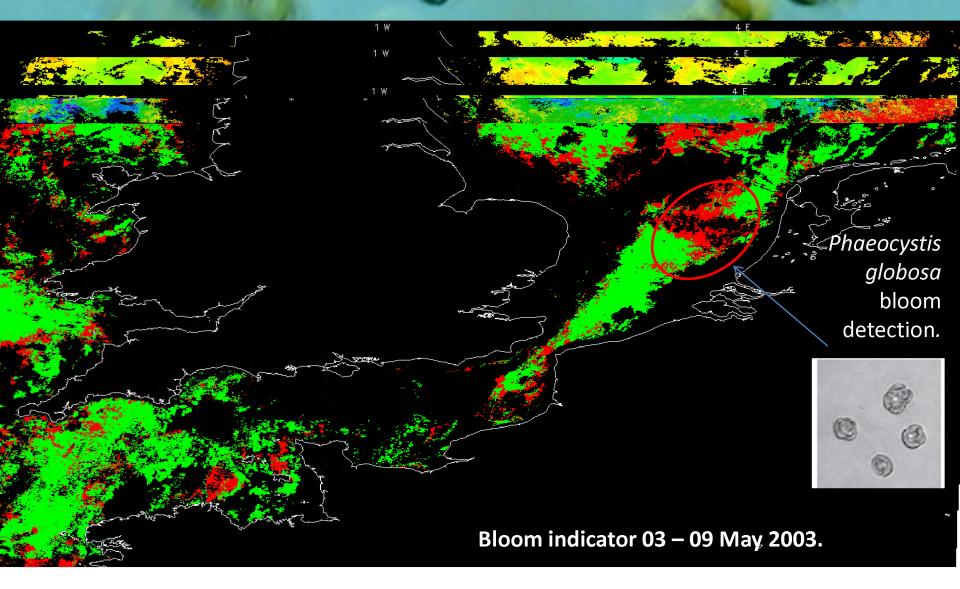
#### **Definition** -

Chla P90 is used to detect abnormal levels of Cha in an ecosystem & is the level at which 90% of observations are lower than this value.

#### Application -

It is used to identify the Eutrophication & water quality status by OSPAR and under the EU Water Framework Directive. A threshold is defined (15 in coastal and 10 mgm<sup>-3</sup> in offshore waters) and compared to the actual P90 value to determine eutrophication risk and non-risk areas.

### ISECA EO tools: detection of Phaeocystis blooms.

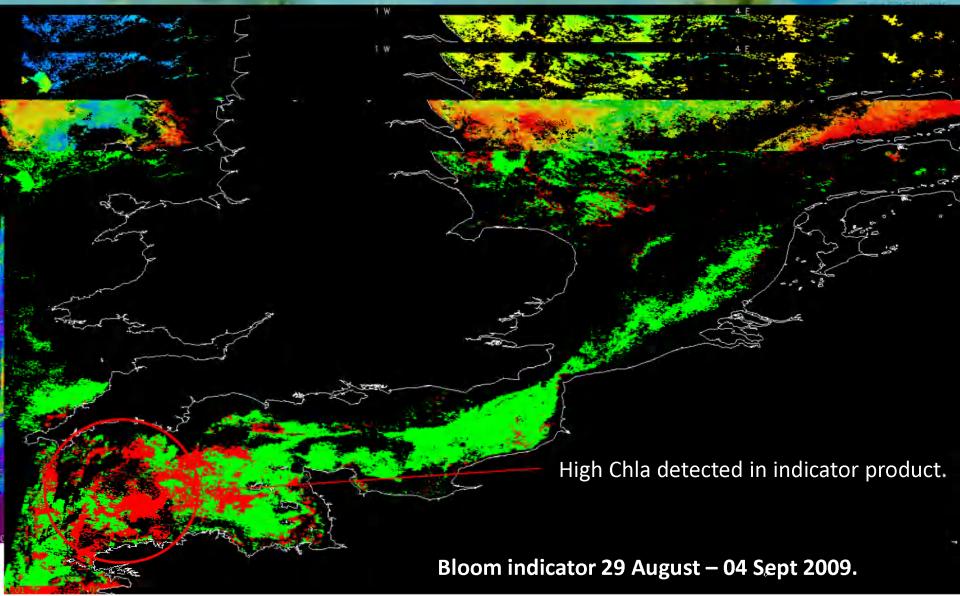


GREEN – No problem; RED – further investigation.

The indicator product goes red if that specific day goes above the P90 Chla.

## ISECA EO tools: detection of Karenia mikimotoi.

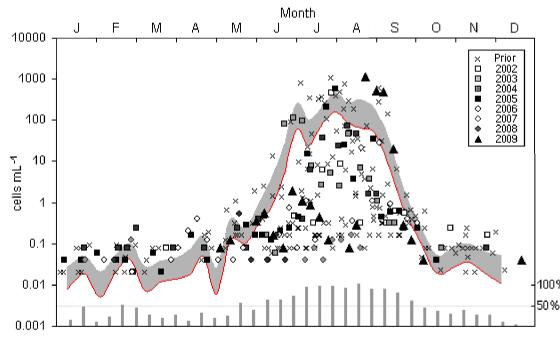




#### Algal blooms in the Western English Channel: Karenia mikimotoi.



#### Biological oxygen saturation anomaly



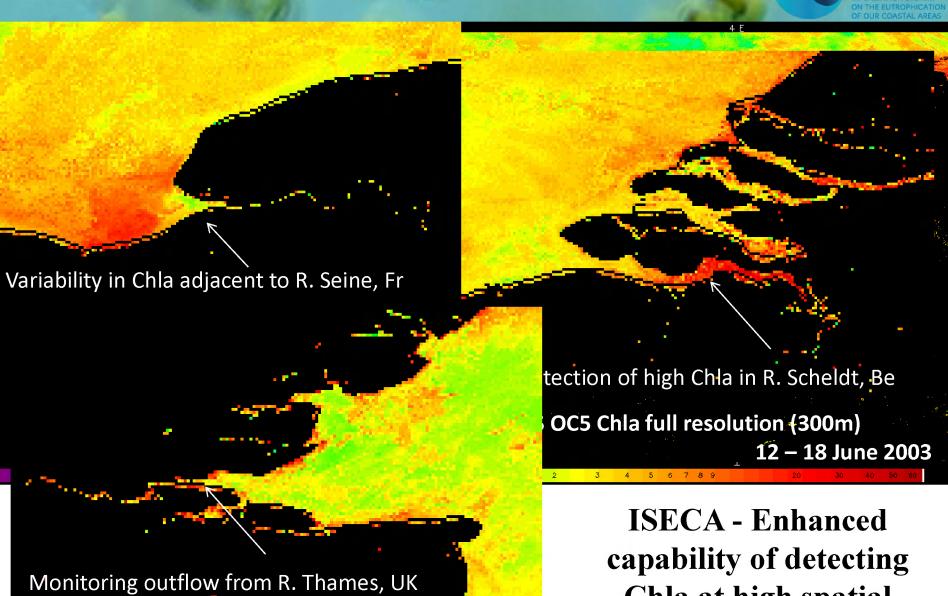
- High Abundance of *Karenia*: in 2005 &  $2009 > 1000 \text{ cells mL}^{-1}$
- Caused substantial oxygen depletion at depth in 2009.
- Resulting in fish kills along the Cornwall coast.

Barnes, Tilstone et al. PROOCE (submitted).



# Examples MERIS FR (COASTCOLOUR) OC5 Chla.





Chla at high spatial resolution.

# Conclusions.



## **ISECA Objectives:**

- The scope of ISECA was to advance and disseminate scientific knowledge related to eutrophication in 2Seas selected area.
- The main objective of ISECA was to develop a technologically advanced and flexible information system for the detection of eutrophication in coastal waters.

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#### To this end ISECA has:

- Used a **combination** of existing and new **in-situ measurements** and **EO products** to facilitate **assessment of eutrophication** in 2Seas area.
- Improved and validated at a regional scale of Earth Observation (EO) products.















