

# LES REQUINS (1)

***Hexanchus griseus*** (requin griset) HEXA GRI



tête et museau larges

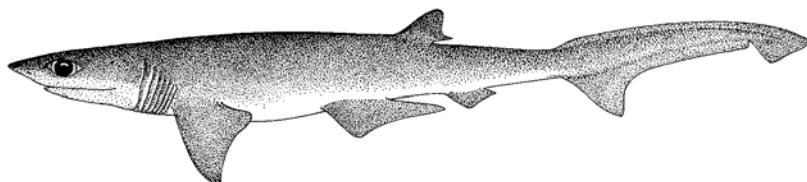


dent inférieure



***Heptranchias perlo*** (requin perlon) HEPT PER

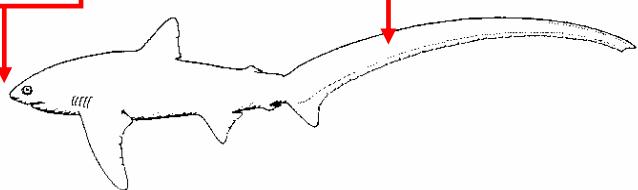
7 paires de fentes branchiales



***Alopias vulpinus*** (requin renard) ALOP VUL



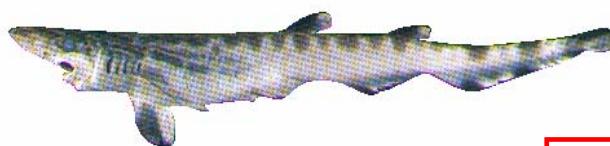
museau court



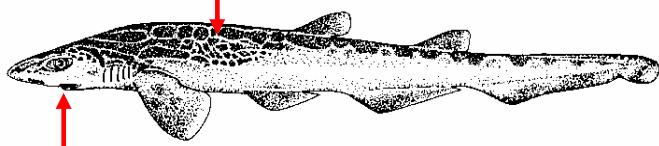
très grande nageoire caudale

***Galeus melastomus*** (chien espagnol) GALE MEL

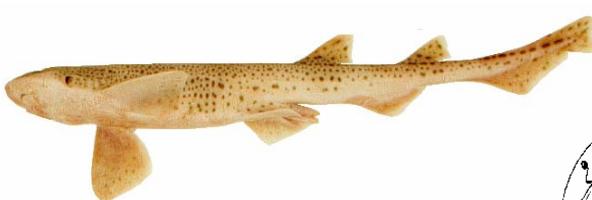
15 à 18 taches sombres



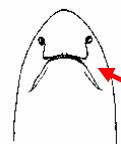
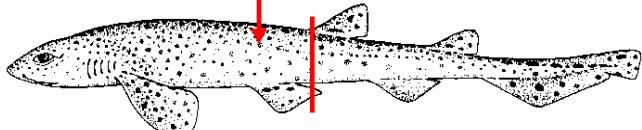
cavité buccale noire



***Scyliorhinus canicula* (petite roussette) SCYL CAN**



très nombreuses petites taches foncées

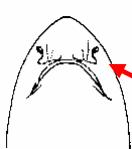
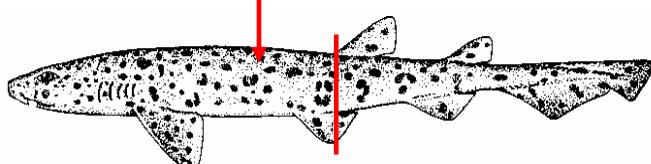


valvules nasales contigües

***Scyliorhinus stellaris* (grande roussette) SCYL STE**



nombreuses taches foncées assez grosses

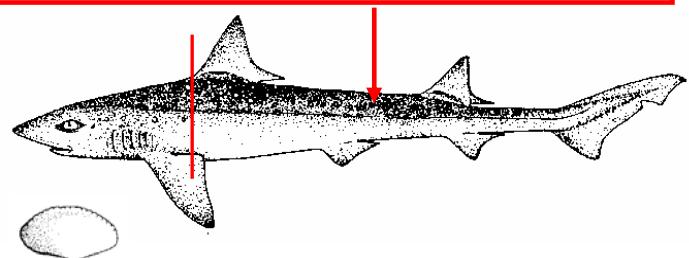


valvules nasales bien séparées

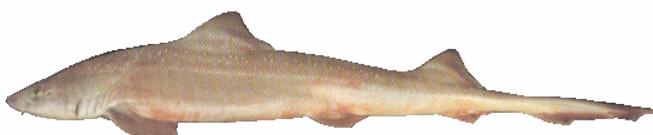
***Mustelus asterias* (émissole tachetée) MUST AST**



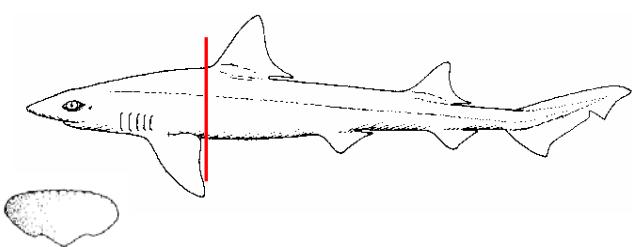
petites taches blanches (parfois absentes) sur le dos



***Mustelus mustelus* (émissole lisse) MUST MUS**

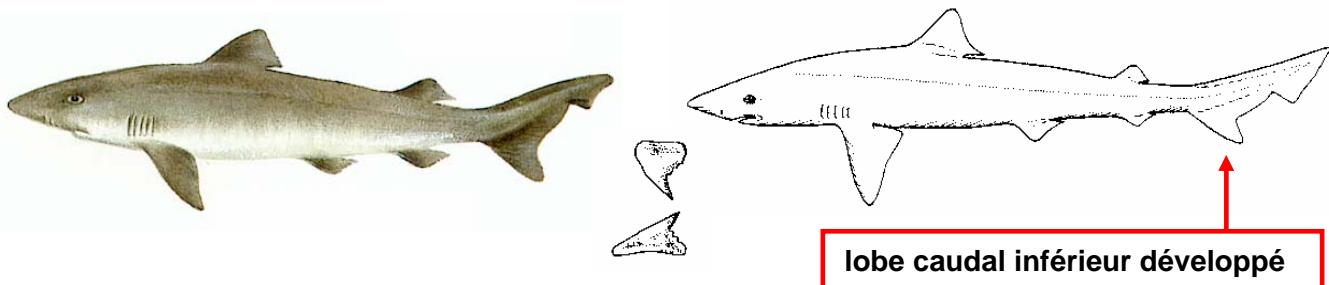


pas de taches blanches sur le dos

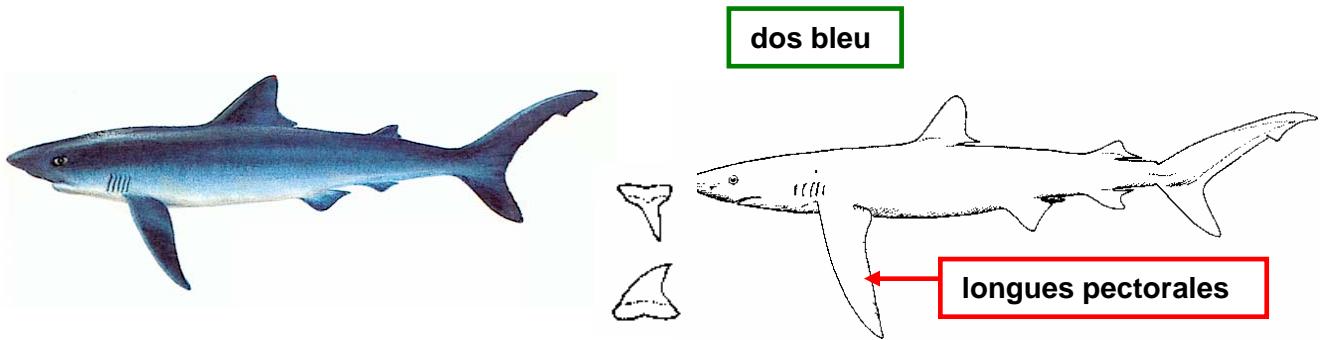


## LES REQUINS (2)

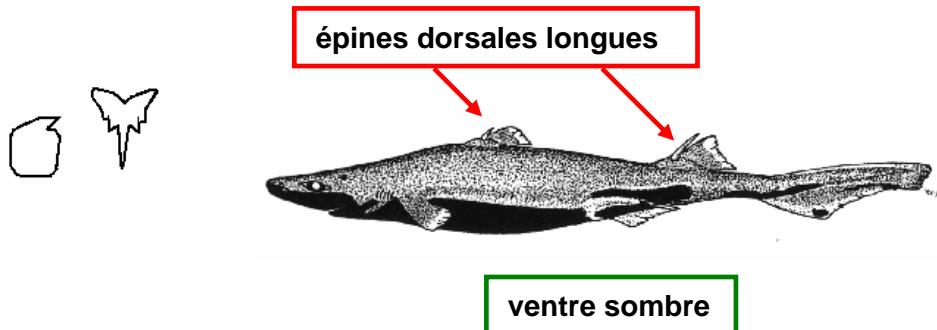
*Galeorhinus galeus* (requin hâ) GALE GAL



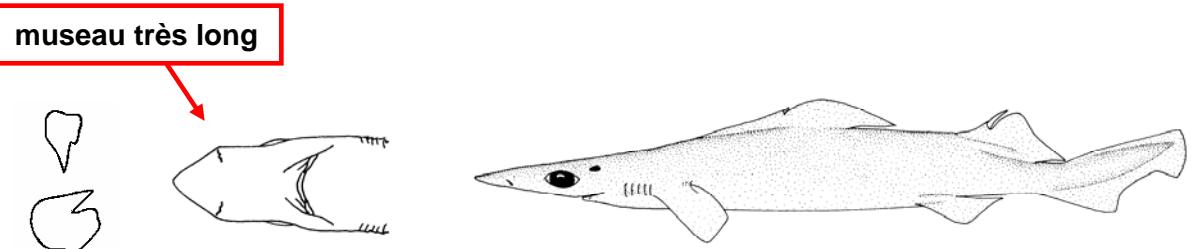
*Prionace glauca* (peau bleue) PRIO GLA



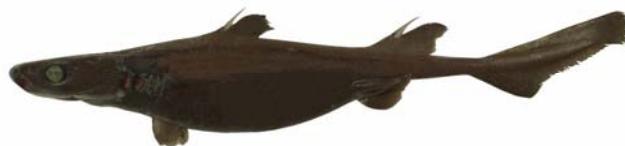
*Etmopterus spinax* (sagre commun) ETMO SPI



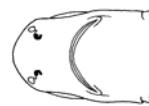
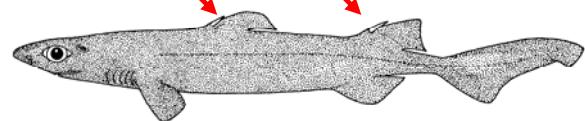
*Deania calcea* (squale-savate commun) DEAN CAL



***Centroscyllium fabricii* (aiguillé noir) CENT FAB**



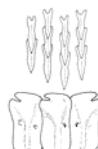
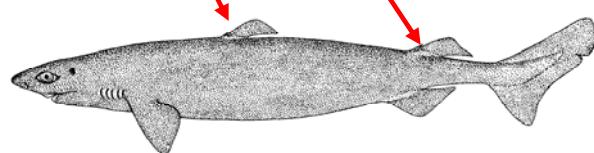
épines dorsales bien développées



***Centroscymnus coelolepis* (pailona commun) CENT COE**

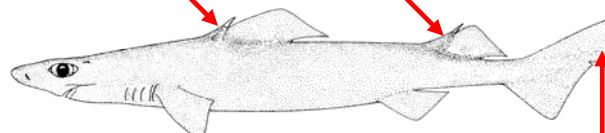


épines dorsales petites



***Centrophorus squamosus* (squale-chagrin de l'Atlantique)**

épines dorsales bien développées

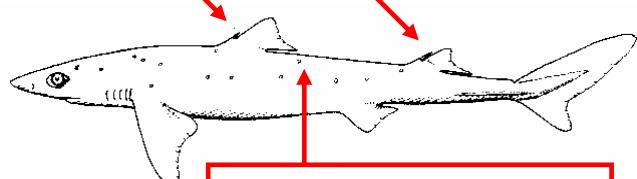


lobe supérieur de la caudale bien marqué

***Squalus acanthias* (aiguillat commun) SQUA ACA**



épines dorsales moins longues que la nageoire



points blancs sur le dos