

**ERATUM TO THE NOTE: *ZORNIELLA*, A REPLACEMENT GENUS NAME FOR
ZORNIA SENOWBARI-DARYAN ET DI STEFANO, 2001
(BY BABA SENOWBARI-DARYAN AND IOAN I. BUCUR) PUBLISHED IN
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In an e-mail from April 17, 2023 Eduardo Antonio Molinari-Novoa drew our attention to the fact that the new combination *Zorniella obscura* is invalid as a result of the fact that no express reference is made (cf. art. 41.5 of the International Code of Nomenclature for algae, fungi, and plants) to the original page and illustration in the article by Senowbari-Daryan and Di Stefano (2001). In order to rectify this mistake, we publish again the text of the note with the respective specification.

***ZORNIELLA*, A REPLACEMENT GENUS NAME FOR *ZORNIA*
SENOWBARI-DARYAN ET DI STEFANO, 2001**

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In their study of the Middle Triassic calcareous algae of Sicily, Senowbari-Daryan and Di Stefano (2001, p. 100, text-fig. 2, Pl. IV, fig. 1-5) erected the new genus *Zornia* with the type species *Zornia obscura* based on a “Problematicum” previously illustrated by Zorn (1971, 1972). Recently, we found that the genus name *Zornia* was pre-occupied by a legume of the family Fabaceae (*Zornia* J.F. Gmelin, 1792; cf. florida.plantatlas.usf.edu/Genus.aspx?id=1321; IRMNG, 2020). According to the Article 54 of the International Code of Botanical Nomenclature (2018), *Zornia* Senowbari-Daryan et Di Stefano, 2001, is a later homonym of *Zornia* J.F. Gmelin, 1792, and is illegitimate.

Consequently, the new genus name *Zorniella* Senowbari-Daryan et Bucur, 2023, is proposed to replace *Zornia* Senowbari-Daryan et Di Stefano (2001: 100), with the new combination *Zorniella obscura* (Senowbari-Daryan et Di Stefano) Senowbari-Daryan et Bucur, 2023, for its type-species, *Zornia obscura* (Senowbari-Daryan and Di Stefano, 2001: 100, fig. 2, pl. IV: figs. 1-5, holotype: pl. IV, fig. 4).

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