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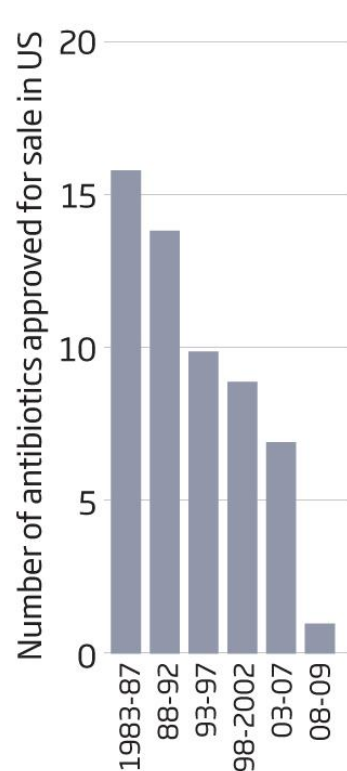
Increasing Value and Flow in the Marine Biodiscovery Pipeline

Marcel Jaspars,
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Director, Marine Biodiscovery Centre
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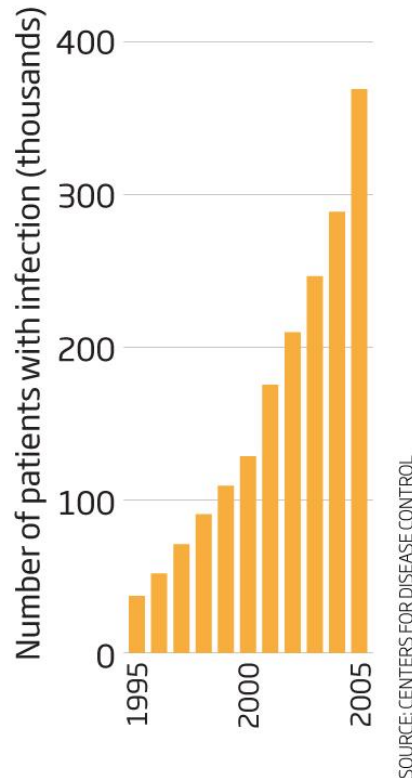
Presentation by
Alan Dobson

Why PharmaSea?

Decline in new approved antibiotics



Increase in hospital MRSA infections



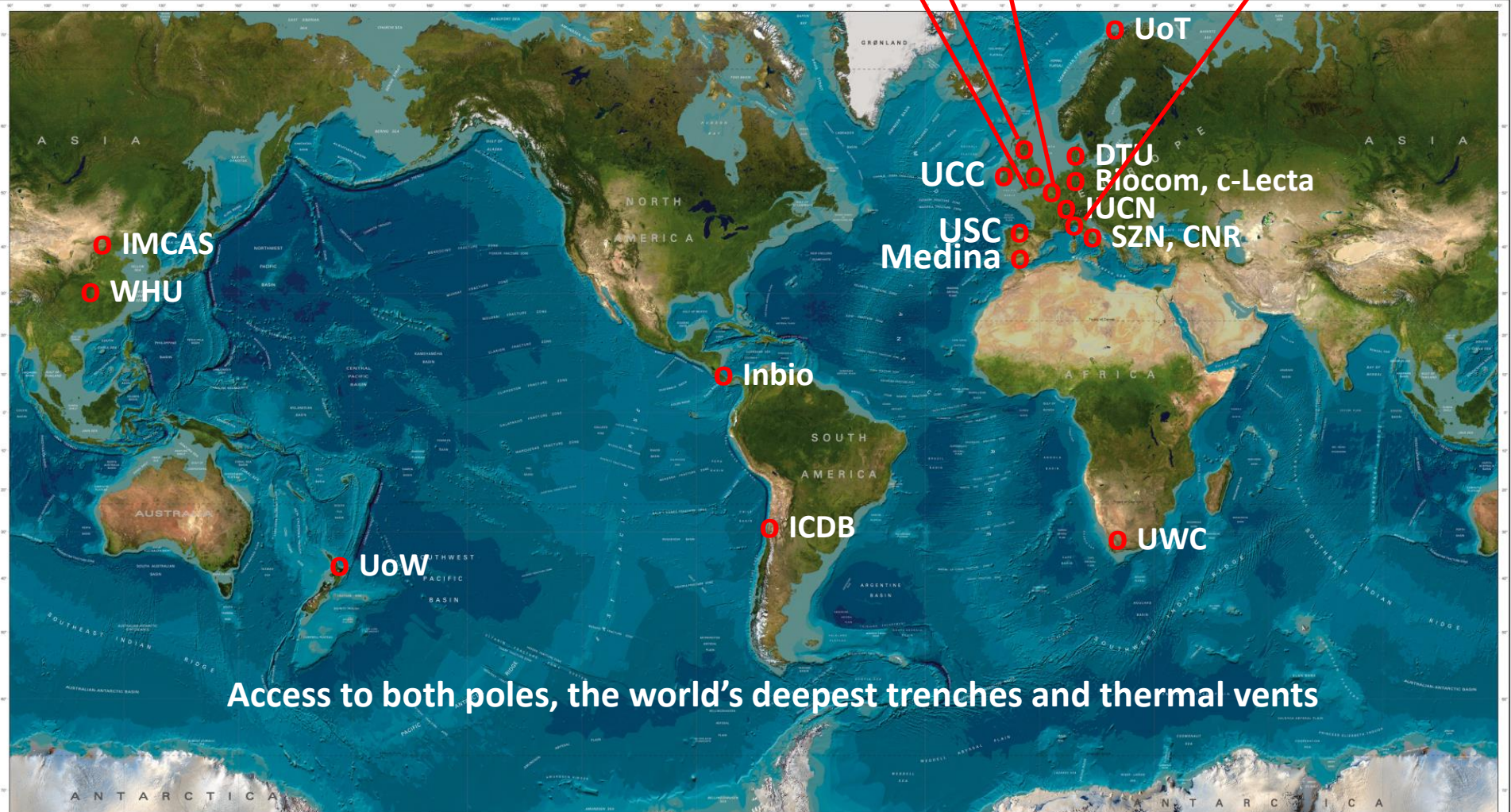
- New therapeutics for microbial infections and CNS diseases
- Widen bottlenecks in marine biodiscovery pipeline
- Develop mechanisms to transfer marine biotechnology to end users
- Make marine bioproducts more attractive to develop for industry

Source: New Scientist

- **Increasing Value and Flow in the Marine Biodiscovery Pipeline**
- EU Framework Programme 7 Consortium funded at EUR 9.5 million
- 24 Partners
- Norway, Denmark, UK, Belgium, Germany, Spain, Italy, Republic of Ireland, Chile, South Africa, China, New Zealand, Costa Rica
- *To improve the quality, volume and value of active agents discovered in the marine environment and increase the speed at which they can be delivered to the marketplace, by addressing bottlenecks and restrictions and adding technical booster-pumps*
- Start date 01/10/2012; Duration 48 months (& 6 extension)
- Project Coordinator Camila Esguerra/Peter de Witte, KU Leuven, Belgium

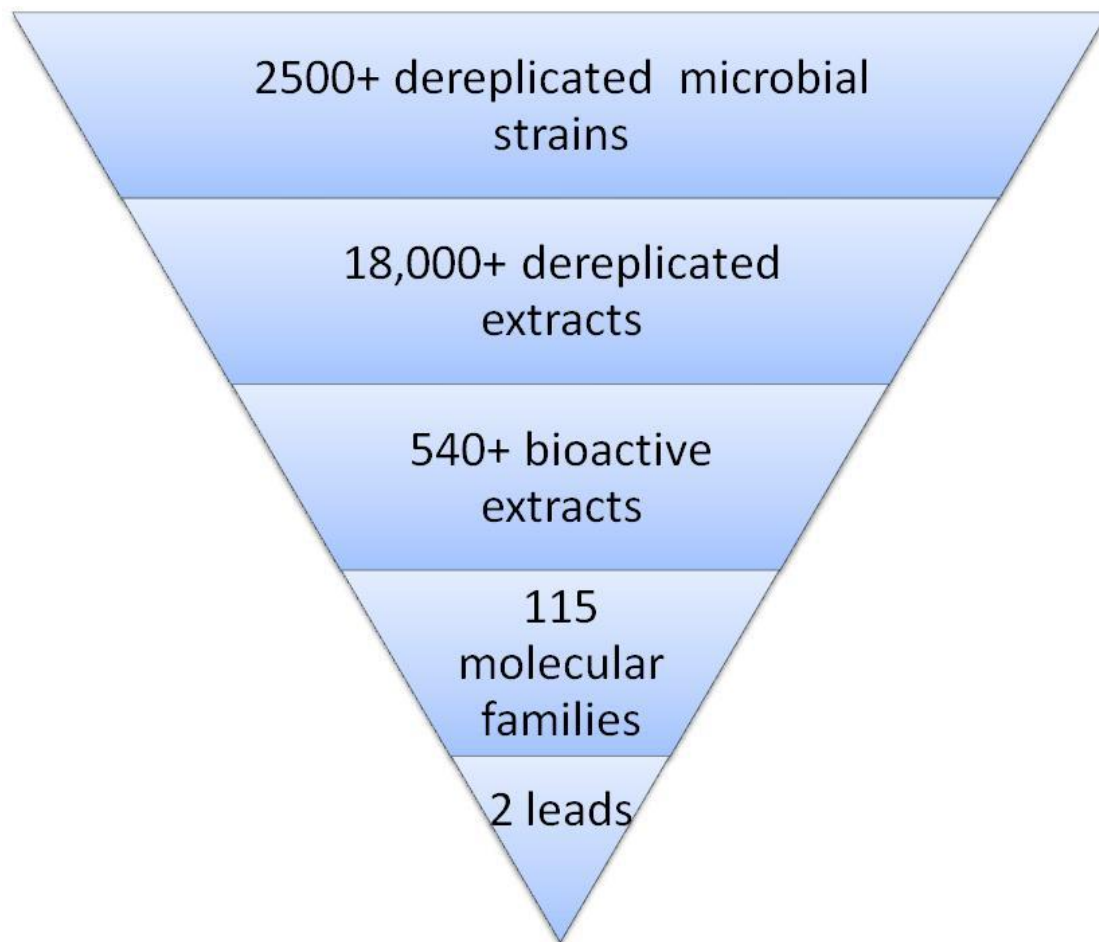
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UniAbdn, DeepTek
ACDLabs, RSC, BioBridge
KULeuven, eCoast
SeaLife Pharma



Access to both poles, the world's deepest trenches and thermal vents

Discovery Funnel



WP1 Strain Collections (n = 13,689)

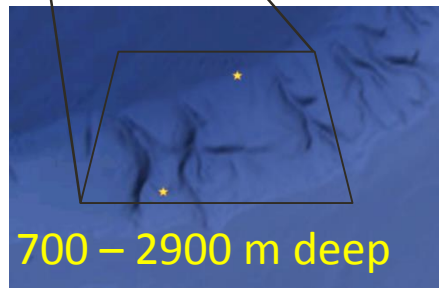


Legacy Collections: Arctic, Antarctic, Ireland, South Africa and Argentina

New Collections: Antarctic, South Africa

Scheduled Collections: South Shetland Trench (-5200 m)

WP1 Deep Sea Sampling



RV Celtic Explorer



ROV
Holland I



Live HD Video
of sampling



Inflatella pellicula

750/2900 m



Lissodendoryx diversichela

1,350 m



Stelletta normani

1,350 m



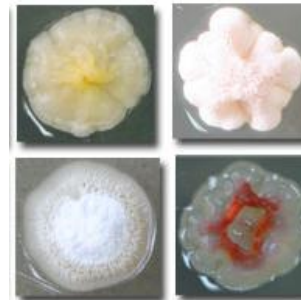
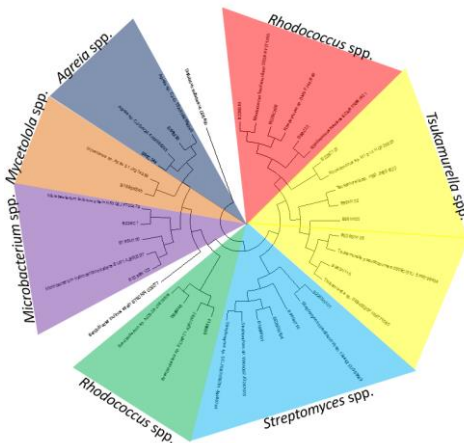
Poecillastra compressa

2,100 m



Sediments

750 m – 2,900 m



WP1-4 Assembling the Marine Biodiscovery Pipeline



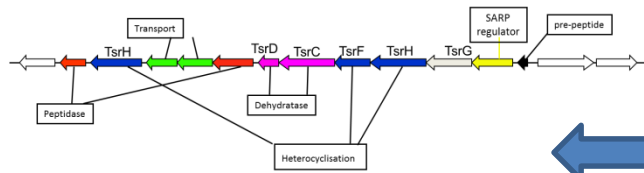
Stelletta normani
(1,300m)



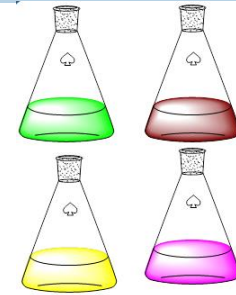
Lissodendoryx diversichela
(1,300m)



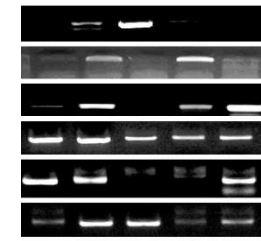
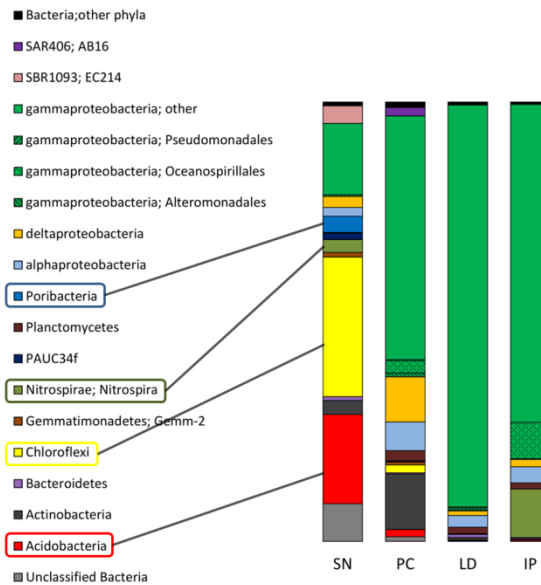
Inflatella pellicula
(2,900m)



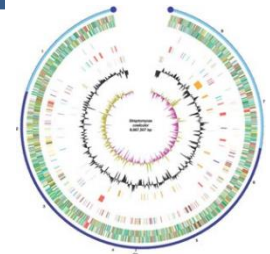
Discovery of new genes
giving new products



Fermentation under
different conditions



Gene expression
analysis



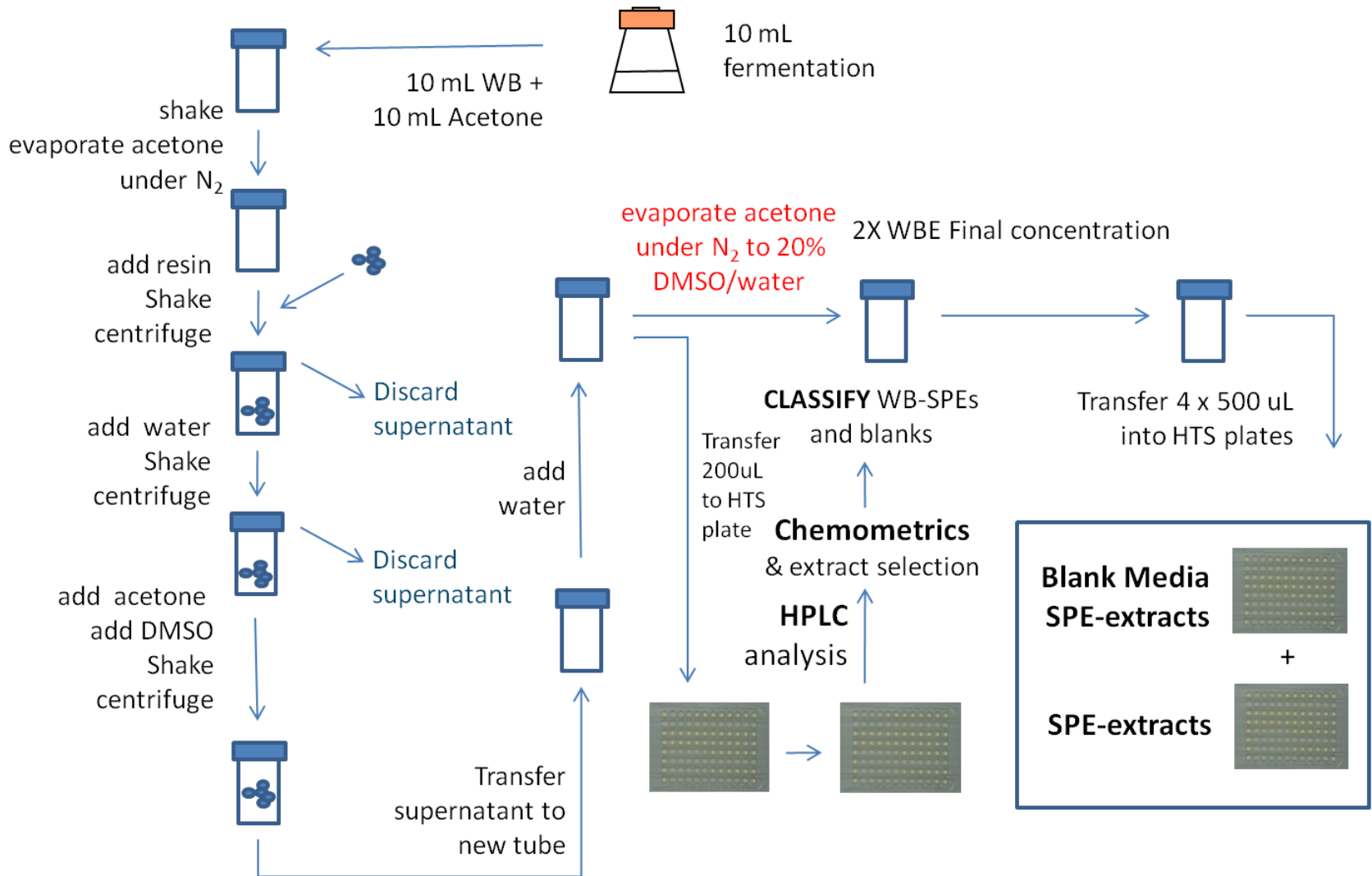
Genome
sequencing



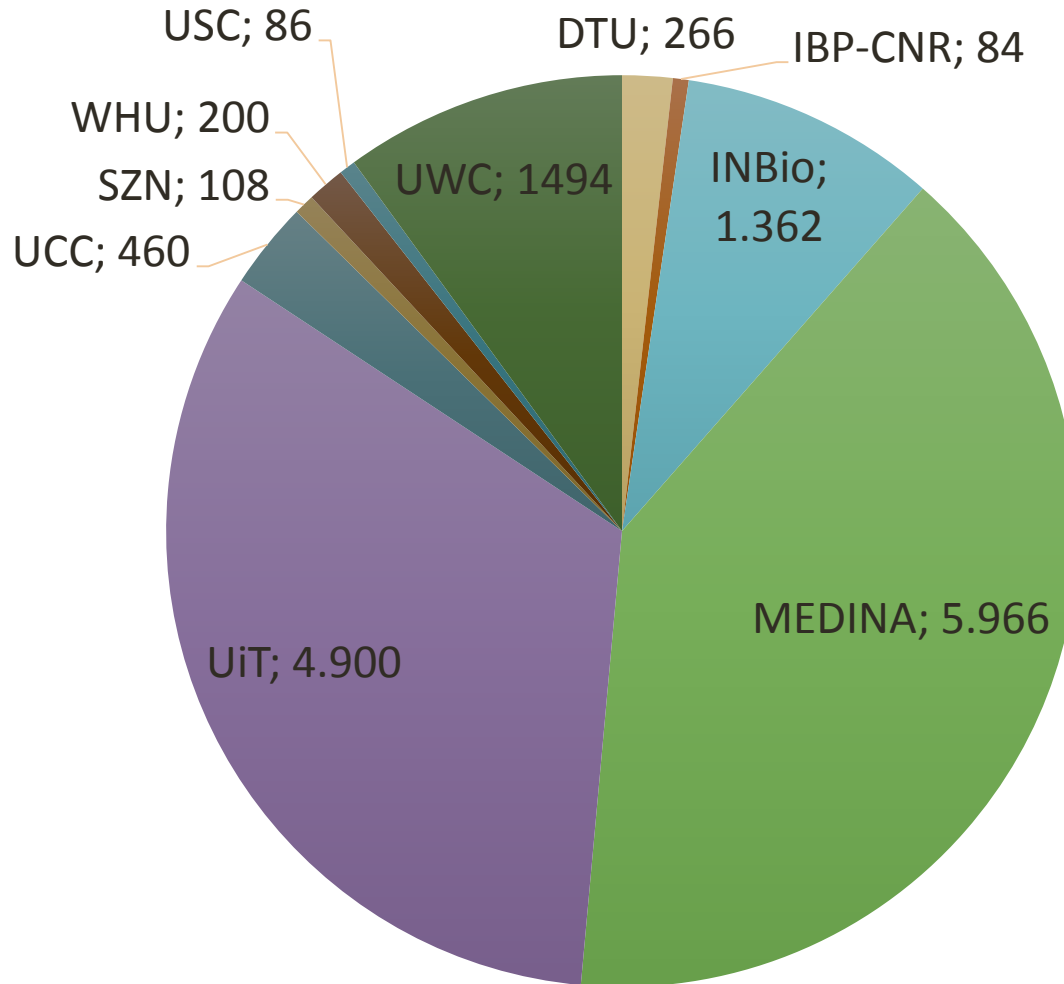
Isolation
of bacteria

Bacterial diversity in sponges

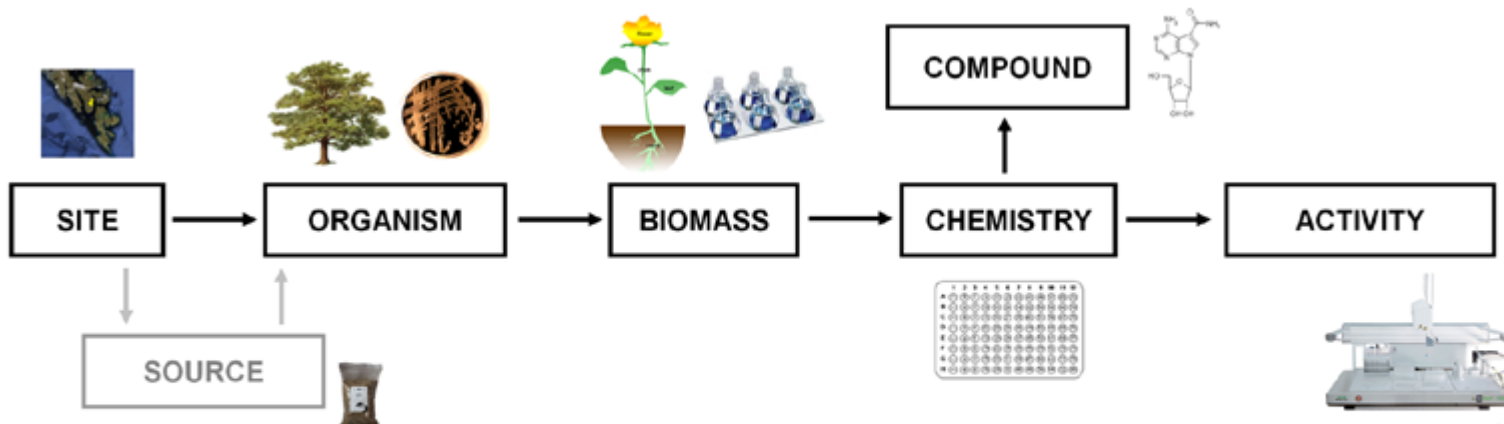
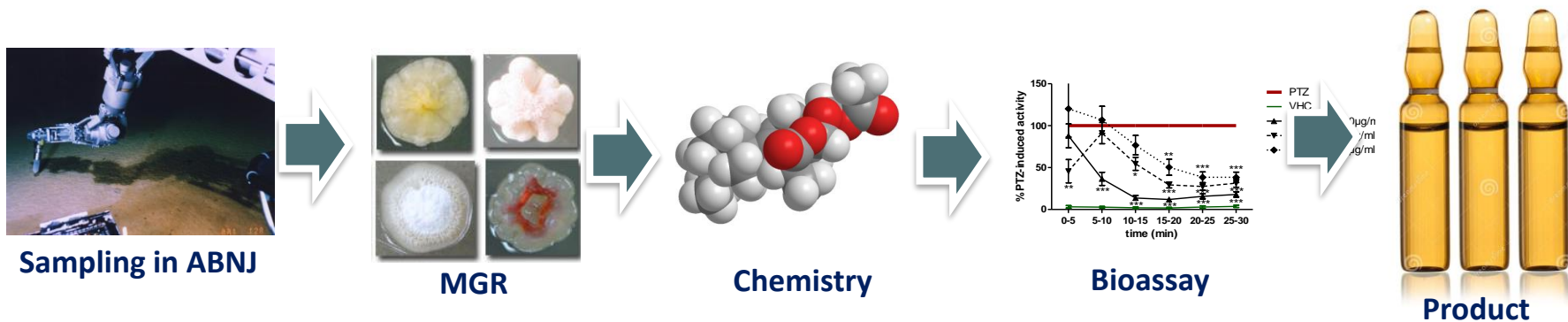
WP2 Standardised Fermentation and Extraction Protocols



WP2 – Extracts and Fractions (n=14,962; 83% of total)



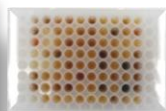
WP2/3 Data Management



OpenNAPIS™
Functional Design

White Point Systems, Inc.
20100626

WP3 PharmaSea Anti-infective assays



Crude extracts or fractions



Incubation
18-20 h 37°C
(7-14 days
Anti-TB)



Absorbance /
Resazurin dye
0.002%

Incubation
2 h 37°C



Inoculum assay

T₀ absorbance

T_F absorbance

612 nm

612 nm

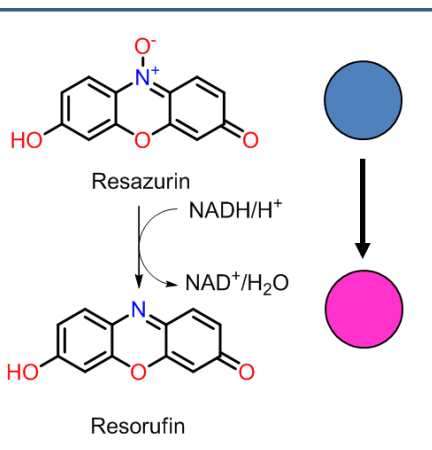


Data analysis
Screener Program

HIT SELECTION

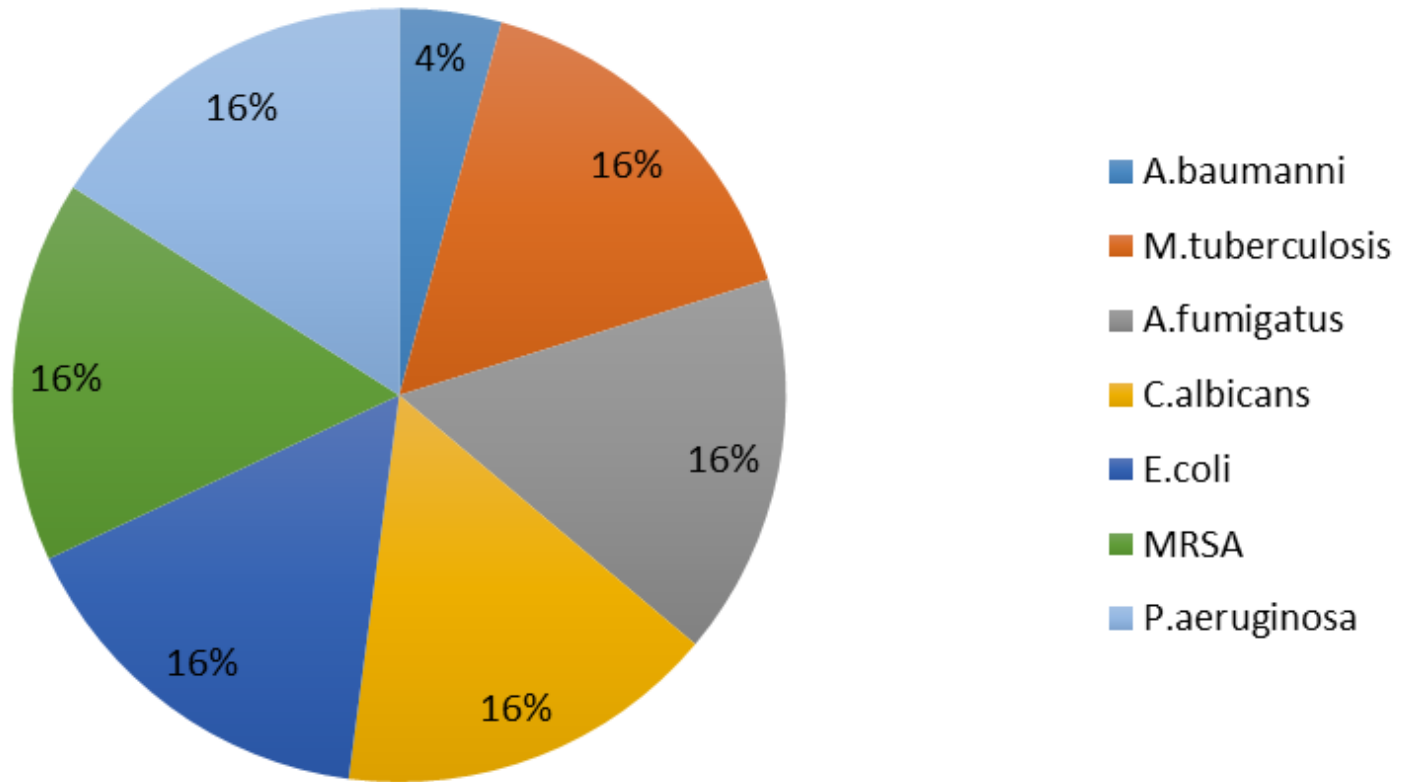
Fluorescence

570 nm excitation/600 nm
emission

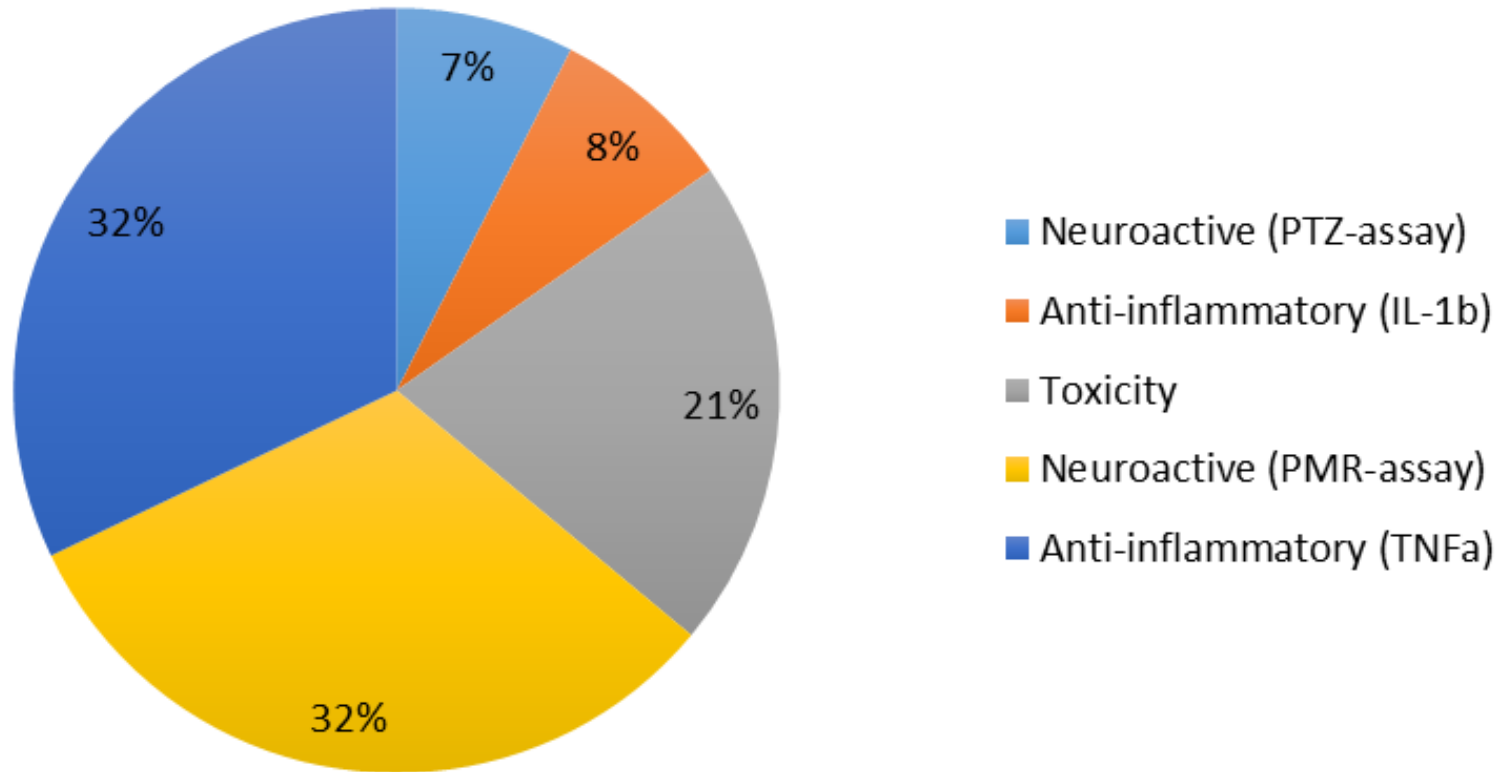


Active extracts Non active extracts

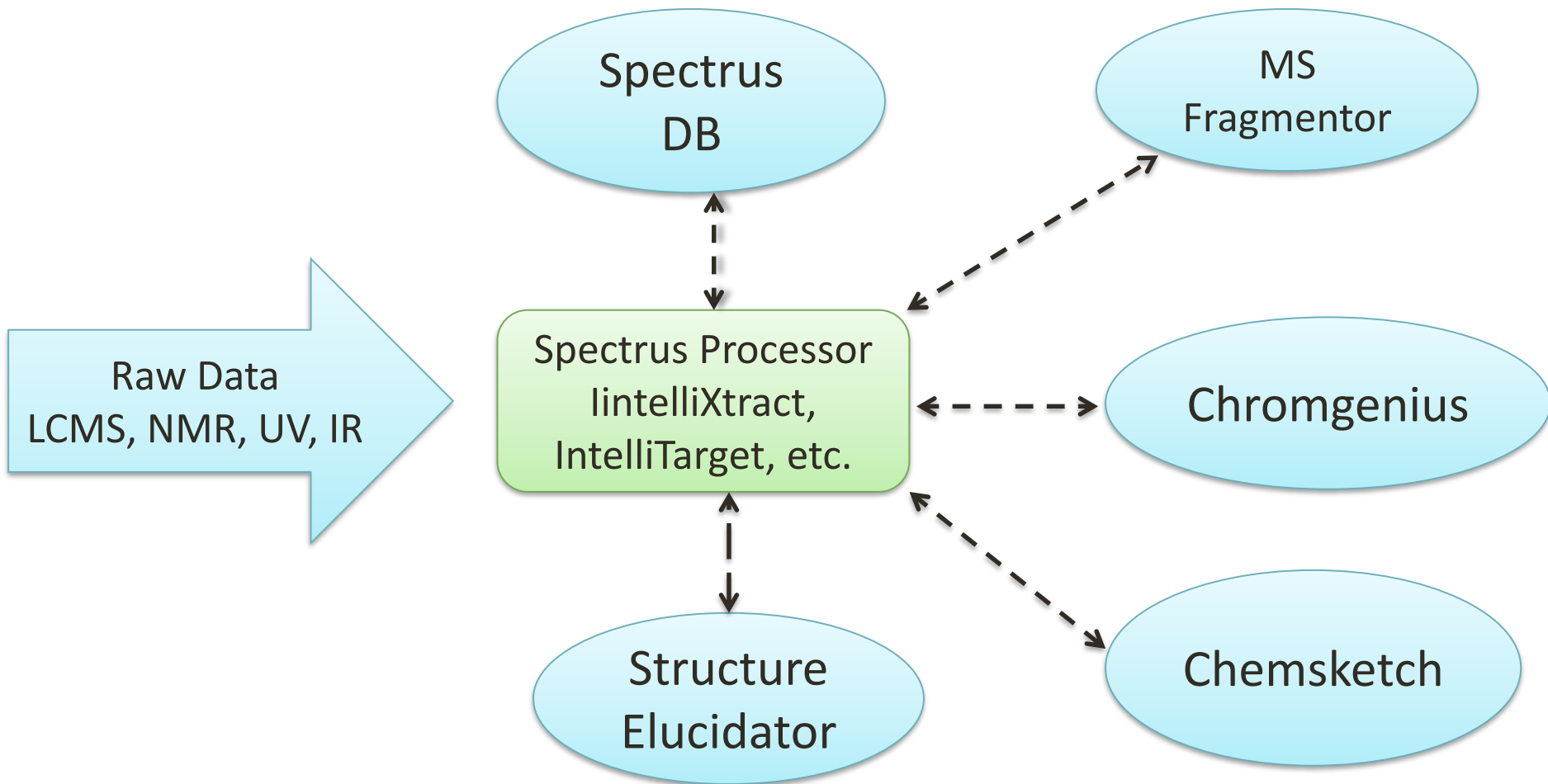
WP3 – Anti-infective Screening Events (n = 87,356)



WP 3 – Other Screening Events (n = 24,538)



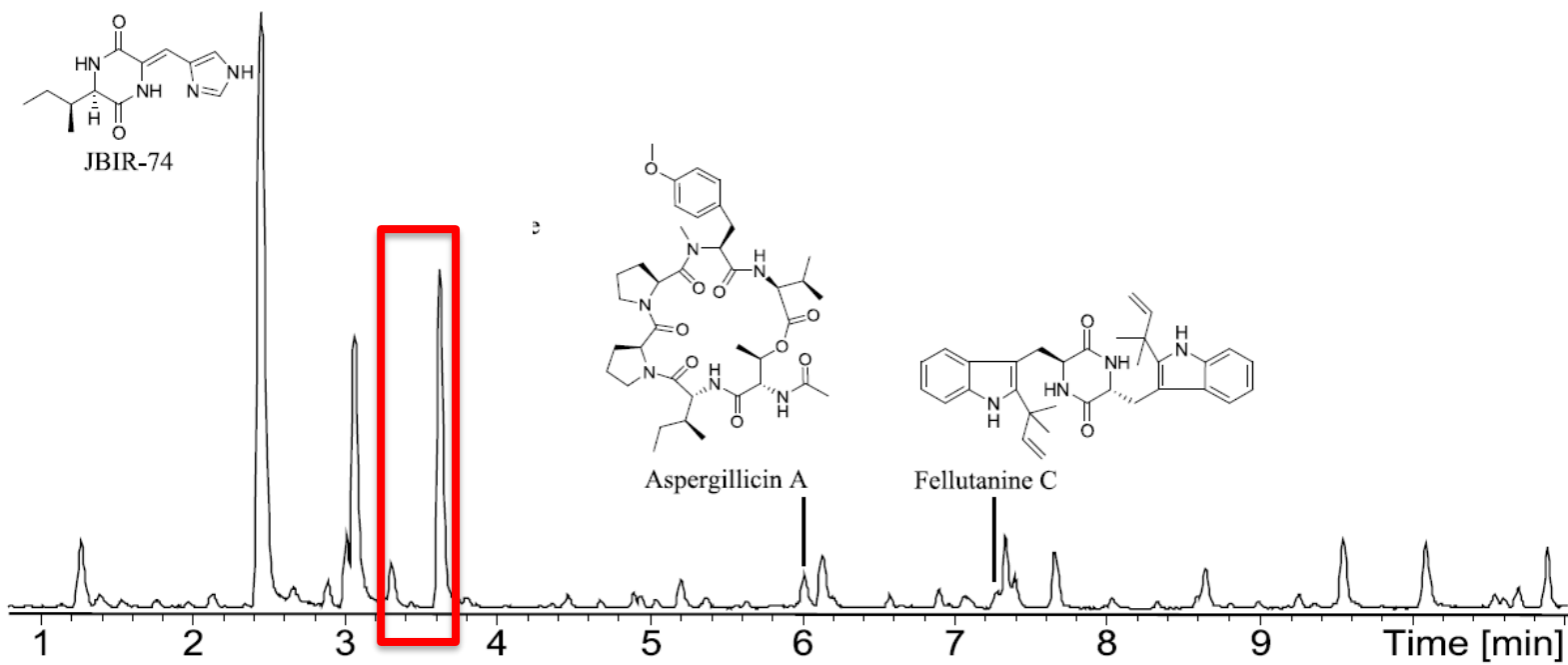
WP4 New dereplication tools by developing ACD/Labs software tools



Dereplication – Is your material known or new?

Options:

- 1.) Targeted dereplication – search all members of a database against your LC-MS data.
- 2.) Untargeted dereplication – search all peaks in your LC-MS in a comprehensive database



Dereplication by NMR

ACD/Spectrum - E:\ioji-2013-2015\PharmaSea\ACDLabs-PharmaSea\Calculation Projects\Teresa\FDM2p3\Teresa-FDM2P3.gnr

File Edit View Process Analysis Spectral Data Structure Elucidation AutoMCD Structure Tools Series Lists Database Options Windows ACD/Labs Help

Organizer... Teresa-FDM2P3: HSQC Teresa-FDM2P3: HMBC AutoMCD

F2 Chemical Shift (ppm) 12 10 8 6 4 2 0 -2

1.58, 22.85 0.92, 18.74
3.03, 50.34
4.28, 64.19 0.98, 21.04
7.23, 121.83 3.46, 55.24 2.32, 40.61
7.87, 127.73 2.79, 74.46
7.70, 132.80

Structures List

1 (ID:1)	2 (ID:2)	3 (ID:3)	4 (ID:4)	5 (ID:5)
$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$	$d_A(^{13}C): 1.88$	$d_A(^{13}C): 1.51$	$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$	$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$
$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$	$d_I(^{13}C): 1.77$	$d_I(^{13}C): 1.84$	$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$	$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$
$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$	$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$	$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$	$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$	$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$

6 (ID:6) 7 (ID:7) 8 (ID:8) 9 (ID:9) 10 (ID:10)

$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$	$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$	$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$	$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$	$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$
$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$	$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$	$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$	$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$	$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$
$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$	$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$	$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$	$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$	$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$

11 (ID:11) 12 (ID:12) 13 (ID:13) 14 (ID:14) 15 (ID:15)

$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$	$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$	$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$	$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$	$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$
$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$	$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$	$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$	$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$	$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$
$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$	$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$	$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$	$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$	$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$

16 (ID:16) 17 (ID:17) 18 (ID:18) 19 (ID:19) 20 (ID:20)

$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$	$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$	$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$	$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$	$d_A(^{13}C): 1.87$
$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$	$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$	$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$	$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$	$d_I(^{13}C): 1.75$
$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$	$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$	$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$	$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$	$d_N(^{13}C): 0.0$

624.388685 C35H52N4O6 C(11),CH(9),CH2(1),CH3(10),CHn(4)

The Best Structure
Generated Molecules (1/1)

624.388685 ID: 1 A: 1/131 B: 131

#	Label	F2(ppm)	F1(ppm)	F2 Labels
1	2	7.867	127.727	H 27 (7.867)
2	3	7.702	132.804	H 26 (7.702)
3	4	7.230	121.832	H 25 (7.230)
4	5	2.792	74.461	H 18 (2.792)
5	6	5.229	67.148	H 24 (5.229)
6	7	4.282	64.194	H 23 (4.282)
7	8	3.461	55.239	H 21 (3.461)
8	9	3.461	50.344	H 20 (3.461)
9	10	3.034	50.344	H 19 (3.034)

Spectral Peaks HSQC 13C-1H - 27(27) peaks

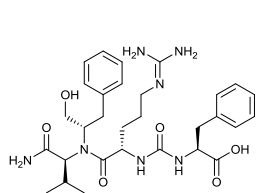
624.388685 ID: 1 A: 1/131 B: 131

Open Process Peak Detection Interpret Elucidation Database Report Chem Sketch

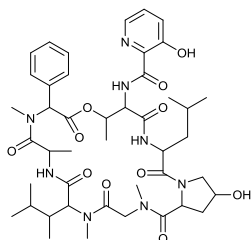
07:37 20/09/2015

WP4 Some of the Chemical Diversity Isolated to Date

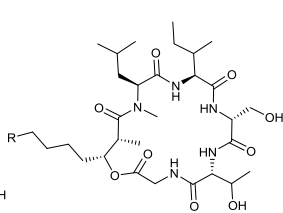
Several selected for scale up and further work



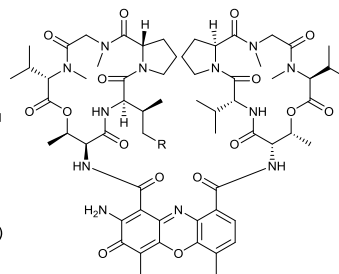
Mer-N 5075A
Family 1



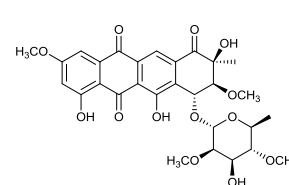
viridigrisein
Family 3



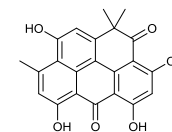
antibiotic SF 1902A1 (R = C₂H₅)
antibiotic SF 1902A2 (R = H)
Family 4



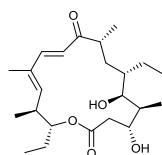
actinomycin D (R = H)
actinomycin C2 (R = CH₃)
Family 5



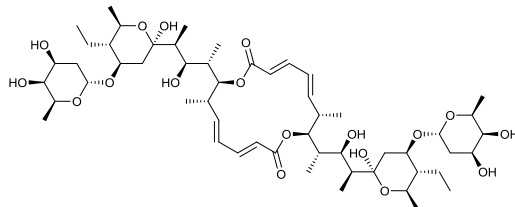
steffimycin B
Family 11



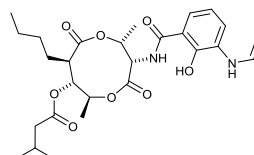
resistomycin
Family 12



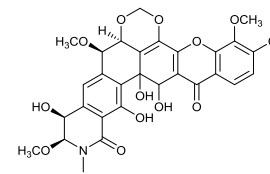
protylonolide
Family 6



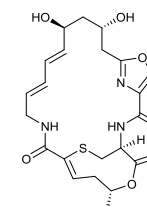
elaiophyllin (aka salbomycin)
Family 7



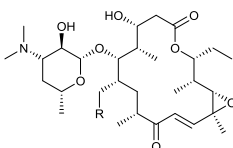
blastmycin
Family 21



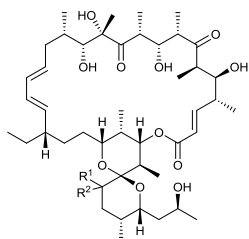
lysolipin X
Family 22



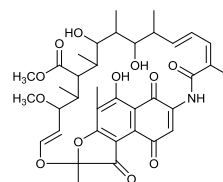
griseoviridin
Family 23



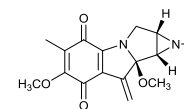
rosamicin (R = CHO)
juvenimicin (R = H, stereoisomer)
Family 8



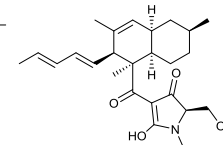
oligomycin A (R¹ = H, R² = H)
oligomycin B (R¹, R² = =O)
Family 9



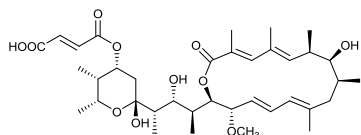
rifamycin S
Family 24



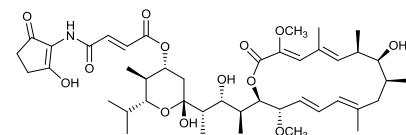
mitomycin K
Family 25



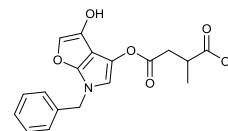
phomasetin
Family 26



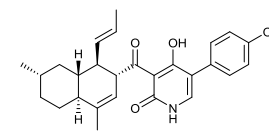
hygrolidin



bafilomycin B₁



tensidol B
Family 27



illicolin H
Family 28

WP7 Communication and dissemination: Radio and news articles



BBC: Drugs in dirt – Scientists appeal for help

US scientists are asking the public to join them in their quest to mine the Earth's soil for compounds that could be turned into vital new drugs...

» (read)

Copyright: <http://www.bbc.com>
20.01.2015



New Scientist: "Antibiotic abyss – the extreme quest for new medicines"

As antibiotic resistance increases, audacious expeditions are taking the quest to the ocean depths, and not a moment too soon...

» (read)

Copyright: www.newscientist.com



CNN: Arctic waters could hold secret to creating life-saving drugs

It is early afternoon on board the "Helmer Hanssen," and the Arctic sun is already starting to set. Near the back of the ship, two people dressed in orange rain slickers are anxiously waiting... » (watch)

Copyright: <http://edition.cnn.com>



BBC Radio 4 Shared Planet: Medicinal Planet

Radio interview with PharmaSea's Project Leader Marcel Jaspars (Duration: 28 minutes)

In recent years some conventional medicines such as antibiotics have become less effective in treating diseases and infections. With an increasing human population worldwide, the need to discover new medicines for the benefit of human health will... [listen](#).



Reuters: Extreme medicine – The search for new antibiotics

Marcel Jaspars, a professor of organic chemistry at Britain's University of Aberdeen, is leading a dive deep into the unknown to search for bacteria that have, quite literally, never before seen the light of day.... » (read)

Copyright: www.reuters.com
17.08.2014



Welt Online: Neue Antibiotika schlummern in der Tiefsee

Antibiotika-Resistenzen breiten sich zunehmend aus. Um neue Wirkstoffe gegen die Superbakterien zu finden, starten Wissenschaftler jetzt eine Expedition zu den tiefsten Stellen der Tiefsee. ...» [read](#)

Copyright: Welt Online

PharmaSea Progress to Date



45%

From existing partner collections

>110,000 screening events

> 700 active dereplicated extracts

Active, non toxic, novel chemistry

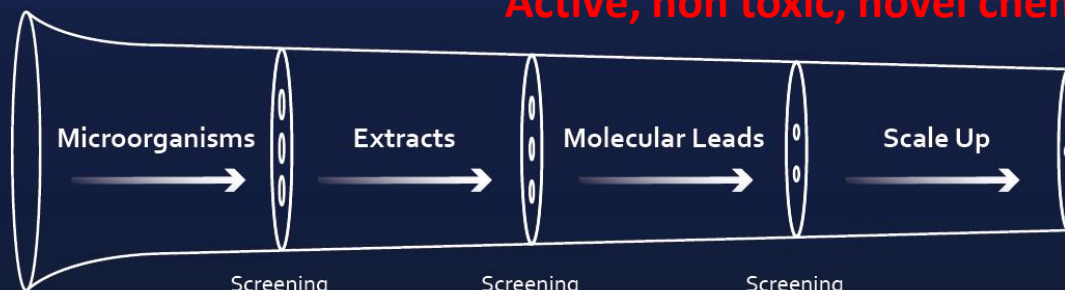


55%

New samples from cold/hot/deep habitats

At 36 Months:

Up to -6,000 metres



2
Drug Leads

Screening

Screening

Screening

Microbial Library

Extract Library

Molecular Families



13,689

Strains

>14,000

**Active
Extracts**

>80

**Active
Compounds**

1

**Drug
Lead**

Conclusions

- PharmaSea will make marine biodiscovery more attractive for industry to adopt.
- PharmaSea is widening the bottlenecks
 - High quality biodiversity
 - Streamlined biodiscovery pipeline
 - New chemistry with new activity
- PharmaSea will provide mechanisms to transfer findings to end users whilst acknowledging:
 - Need for legal certainty over marine biodiversity collection.
 - Regulatory stress on companies.
 - Lack of risk taking by companies due to shareholder pressure.



PHARMASEA

<http://pharma-sea.eu/>



“The research leading to these results has received funding from the European Union's Seventh Framework Programme (FP7/2007-2013 under grant agreement n° 312184)”